





BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURITY COMMISSION

70-25(4)

*Wing Province Nov. 1/43.*

RELOCATION  
of  
JAPANESE-AMERICANS

\*\*\*\*\*

WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY

Washington, D. C.

MAY 1943

*Source: Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)*

62  
87  
76  
25  
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70-25(4)

*Sally Burrance Nov. 1/43.*

FIRST  
QUARTERLY REPORT

March 18 to June 30  
1942

WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

*Residence of Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)*

62

87

76

25

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17-25(4)

APR 21 1944

SURVEYS AND ENGINEERING BRANCH - DEPT. OF MINES & RESOURCES

Summary of camp establishment and operations Japanese  
Construction Camps in Ontario and British Columbia,  
1943-44 (Nat Final)

Relative  
s To

dj

OTTAWA, 29th April, 1944.

67-25(4)

My dear Colleague,-

I have your letter of the 26th instant, together with statements of expenditures by the Departments of Labour and of Mines and Resources on behalf of Japanese, as of March 31st, 1944.

Please accept my thanks for bringing these to my attention.

Yours sincerely,

The Honourable Humphrey Mitchell,  
Minister of Labour,  
OTTAWA.

Re: Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)

62  
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31, 1944

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SURVEYS AND ENGINEERING BRANCH - DEPT. OF MINES & RESOURCES  
Summary of camp establishment and operations Japanese  
and German in British Columbia, 1941-44. (Not Final)



Ottawa, April 22, 1914.

Hon. I. A. Mackenzie, P.C., M.P.,  
Minister of Pensions and National Health,  
Ottawa, Ontario.

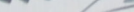
My dear Colleague:

My dear Colleagues:

I attach for your information and record Statements of Expenditures by the Departments of Labour and of Mines and Resources on behalf of Japanese, as of March 31, 1944. These are not final Statements for the fiscal year.

Sincerely,

Yours sincerely,

Yours sincerely,  




SURVEYS AND ENGINEERING BRANCH - DEPT. OF MINES & REVENUE

Summary of camp establishment and operations Japanese  
Construction Camps in Ontario and British Columbia,  
April 1st to March 31st, 1943-44. (Not Final)

(a) Number of Japanese in camp on each project as at  
March 31st -

1. Yellowhead-Blue River - 101
2. Hope-Princeton - 250
3. Revelstoke-Sicamous - 64
4. Schreiber-Jackfish - 24

(b) Expenditures from April 1st to March 31st, 1943-44

1. Yellowhead-Blue River - \$158,723.80
2. Hope-Princeton - 407,707.15
3. Revelstoke-Sicamous - 290,442.47
4. Schreiber-Jackfish - 42,247.33
5. Unallotted - 8,650.09

Total expenditure from April  
1st to March 31st, 1943-44 \$907,778.89

In addition at March 31st there  
were Unliquidated Encumbrances \$ 33,255.07

(c) Classes of work undertaken on each project -

1. Yellowhead-Blue River - Opening permanent right of way.  
Cutting and clearing, preparing bridge timbers, placing  
cribbing.
2. Hope-Princeton - (Hope End) - Excavating two to three  
mile, widening present road eleven to twelve mile, widening  
right of way on tote road fourteen mile, drilling and blast-  
ing fifteen mile. (Princeton End) - Excavating and clearing.
3. Revelstoke-Sicamous - Clearing right of way, blasting rock,  
excavating by hand labour.
4. Schreiber-Jackfish - Roads and camp maintenance, woods  
operation.

20th, 1944.

31, 1944

Relative  
to  
to

266.56  
339.24  
720.21  
114.08  
613.63  
234.76  
895.05  
640.69  
470.12

863.82

78.16

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62

87

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25

00



BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURITY COMMISSION

March 31, 1944

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES

1943/44

ADMINISTRATION - Vote 200

Communication Services  
Cost of Living Bonus  
Employer's Contribution -  
Unemployment Insurance  
Equipment  
Miscellaneous  
Printing & Stationery  
Rents  
Salaries & Wages  
Supplies & Materials  
Transportation & Travelling -  
Staff

Accumulative Totals To Feb. 29	Totals For The Month of March	Accumulative Totals To Date
\$ 17,018.91	\$ 1,247.65	\$ 18,266.56
12,233.40	1,105.84	13,339.24
716.23	3.98	720.21
7,188.75	925.33	8,114.08
59,620.77	7.14	59,613.63
6,755.31	479.45	7,234.76
2,840.55	54.50	2,895.05
172,882.08	15,758.63	188,640.69
18,158.72	1,311.40	19,470.12
22,631.48	1,352.34	23,983.82
\$ 317,046.18	\$ 22,231.98	\$ 339,278.16

MOVEMENT, PLACEMENT, HOUSING  
& CARE OF JAPANESE - Vote 201

Education  
Maintenance of Japanese  
Transportation of Japanese  
Camp Expenditures:  
Wages  
Other Costs

21,725.00	2,189.06	23,914.06
428,029.31	40,977.03	469,006.34
74,611.25	6,941.81	81,553.06
727,760.69	61,867.48	789,628.17
416,385.59	35,264.80	451,650.39
\$1,668,511.84	\$147,240.18	\$1,815,752.02

SUNDRY REVENUE - Vote 99

Privileges, Licenses &  
Permits  
Proceeds from Sales &  
Other Revenue  
Refunds of Previous  
Year's Expenditures

17,493.62	2,558.78	20,052.40
32,118.87	6,109.06	38,227.93
11,144.76	602.70	11,747.46
\$ 60,757.25	\$ 9,270.54	\$ 70,027.79

SUSPENSE - Vote 100

Suspense

\$ 15,390.00	\$ 120.00	\$ 15,510.00
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BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURITY COMMISSION  
SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES

March 31, 1944

1943/44

Accumulative Totals To Feb. 29	Totals For The Month of March	Accumulative Totals To Date
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JAPANESE WOOD PROJECTS  
ACCOUNT - Vote 110

Cost of Living Bonus  
Employer's Contribution -  
Unemployment Insurance  
Equipment, Acquisition of  
Miscellaneous  
Salaries & Wages - Occidental  
Supplies & Materials  
Wages - Japanese  
Sales Tax  
Accounts Receivable

\$	655.07	\$	18.42	\$	673.49
	17.03		3.39		20.42
	117,505.55		2,960.13		120,465.68
	68,144.93		12,509.57		80,754.50
	22,154.29		2,296.53		25,550.92
	28,211.43		2,303.23		30,514.76
	314,445.42		42,250.13		356,695.54
	259,161.13		218.64		258,942.53
	123.05		9.00		114.05
	12,758.26		12,949.99		191.73
\$	304,607.84	\$	50,719.14	\$	355,326.98
\$2,214,018.61	\$210,800.76	\$2,422,819.37			

Approved:

*R. Collins*  
Commissioner

Certified Correct:

*A. Williams*  
Comptroller

Correct:

*A. Williams*  
Treasury Officer





67-25(4)

OTTAWA, 27th March, 1944.

My dear Colleague,-

I have your letter of the 23rd instant, with which you enclosed a statement of expenditures on behalf of Japanese by the Department of Labour and the Department of Mines and Resources, for the period April 1, 1943 to February 29, 1944.

I shall peruse this with interest, and appreciate your courtesy in bringing it to my attention.

Yours very truly,

The Honourable Humphrey Mitchell,  
Minister of Labour,  
Ottawa.

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77  
31  
55  
05  
72  
48  
18  
00  
31  
28  
0.69  
2.50  
1.24  
5.62  
5.87  
44.70  
57.25  
90.00





Honourable I.A. Mackenzie, P.C., M.P.,  
Minister of Pensions and National Health,  
O t t a w a.

My dear Colleague:

I enclose for your information and  
record Statements of Expenditures on behalf  
of Japanese by the Department of Labour and the  
Department of Mines and Resources for the period  
April 1, 1943 to February 29, 1944.

Yours sincerely,

*H. Mitchell*  
✓

RETURNS of Previous Year's  
Expenditures

SURPLUS - Vote 100  
Suspense

10,853.34	281.42	11,144.76
51,620.51	9,136.74	60,757.25
15,510.00	120.00	15,390.00

3.91  
3.40  
6.23  
5.75  
5.71  
5.21  
5.25  
5.06  
5.72  
1.48  
5.18  
5.00  
4.31  
1.28  
2.69  
3.29  
1.84

Account of the Japanese in BC, 17 Oct 1944



# BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURITY COMMISSION

February 29, 1944

## SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES

1941/44

### ADMINISTRATION - Vote 200

Communication Services  
Cost of Living Bonus  
Employer's Contribution  
Unemployment Insurance  
Equipment  
Miscellaneous  
Printing & Stationery  
Rents  
Salaries & Wages  
Supplies & Materials  
Transportation & Travelling  
Staff

Accumulative  
Totals To  
Jan. 31

Totals For  
the month  
of Feb.

Accumulative  
Totals To  
Date

\$ 15,709.70	\$ 1,309.21	\$ 17,018.91
10,896.33	1,337.07	12,233.40
712.16	4.07	716.23
6,683.87	504.88	7,188.75
56,237.86	332.91	56,620.77
2,893.32	1,061.99	6,755.31
2,804.05	35.50	2,840.55
152,701.52	17,180.53	172,882.06
16,035.45	2,123.27	18,158.72
20,009.94	2,621.54	22,631.48
\$ 290,484.21	\$ 26,561.97	\$ 317,046.18

### MOVEMENT, PLACEMENT, HOUSING & CARE OF JAPANESE - Vote 201

Education  
Maintenance of Japanese  
Transportation of Japanese  
Camp Expenditures:  
Wages - Japanese  
Other Costs

21,426.38	295.62	21,725.00
394,850.56	33,178.75	428,029.31
66,378.08	8,233.17	74,611.25
675,524.83	52,235.86	727,760.69
382,304.36	34,081.23	416,385.59
\$ 1,540,484.21	\$ 128,027.63	\$ 1,668,511.84

### SUNDRY REVENUE - Vote 99

Privileges, Licenses &  
Permits (Rental of Public  
Buildings & Properties)  
Proceeds from Sales & Other  
Revenues  
Refunds of Previous Year's  
Expenditures

17,881.99	3,611.63	17,493.62
26,875.18	5,243.69	32,118.87
10,863.34	281.42	11,144.76
\$ 51,620.51	\$ 9,136.74	\$ 60,757.25

### SURPLUS - Vote 100

Surplus

15,510.00	120.00	15,390.00
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### SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES

	Accumulative Totals To Jan. 31	Totals For The Month of Feb.	Accumulative Totals To Date
<b>JAPANESE WOOD PROJECTS</b>			
<b>ACCOUNT - Vote 110</b>			
Cost of Living Bonus			655.07
Employer's Contribution -			17.03
Unemployment Insurance			117,505.55
Equipment, Acquisition of,			68,144.93
Miscellaneous			22,154.39
Salaries & Wages - Occidental			28,211.43
Supplies & Materials			314,161.19
Wages - Japanese			259,123.05
Sales			12,758.26
Sales Tax			
Accounts Receivable			
	486.43	\$ 168.64	
	13.54	7.49	
	115,876.08	1,629.47	
	69,961.82	7,483.04	
	17,720.26	1,434.13	
	24,757.81	3,464.02	
	268,767.65	45,677.77	
	241,412.39	17,742.00	
	2.92	1,120.13	
	28,486.52	15,728.36	
	\$ 275,647.77	\$ 28,960.07	\$ 304,607.84
	\$ 2,039,485.68	\$ 174,532.93	\$ 2,214,018.61

Certified Correct:

Approved:

Commissioner

Correct:

Treasury Officer



SURVEYS AND ENGINEERING BRANCH - DEPT. OF MINES & RESOURCES  
Summary of camp establishment and operations Japanese  
Construction Camps in Ontario and British Columbia,  
April 1st to February 29th, 1943-44.

(a) Number of Japanese in camp on each project  
as at February 29th -

1. Yellowhead-Blue River	-	104
2. Hope-Princeton	-	244
3. Revelstoke-Sicamous	-	106
4. Schreiber-Jackfish	-	24

(b) Expenditures from April 1st to February 29th, 1943-44

1. Yellowhead-Blue River	-	\$148,911.54
2. Hope-Princeton	-	370,331.30
3. Revelstoke-Sicamous	-	246,612.01
4. Schreiber-Jackfish	-	38,157.02
5. Unallotted	-	8,010.70

Total expenditure from April  
1st to February 29th, 1943-44. \$817,022.57

In addition at February 29th  
there were Unliquidated  
Encumbrances..... \$ 55,607.25

(c) Classes of work undertaken on each project -

1. Yellowhead-Blue River - Cutting and clearing.
2. Hope-Princeton - (Hope End) - Excavating two to three mile, widening present road eleven to twelve mile, widening right of way on tote road fourteen mile, drilling and blasting fifteen mile.  
(Princeton End) - Excavating and clearing.
3. Revelstoke-Sicamous - Clearing right of way, blasting rock, excavating by hand labour.
4. Schreiber-Jackfish - Camp and road maintenance, woods operation.

March 29th, 1944.

8957



Vancouver, B.C.,  
January 14, 1944.

The Honourable Humphrey Mitchell,  
Minister of Labour,  
OTTAWA, Ontario.

Sir:-

I have the honour to submit herewith,  
the Report of Your Royal Commission appointed pursuant to  
Order in Council P.C. 9498 to investigate the welfare of  
Japanese in the Interior Settlements of British Columbia.

I have the honour to be,  
sir,  
Your obedient servant,

(Sgd.) F.W. Jackson, M.D.,  
Chairman.

FWJ/DS

Japanese in B.C. 67-25(1)



(Copy-FT)

21st December 1942.

MR. MacNAMARA - ATTENTION MR. FAWCETT  
For your information J.M.W.

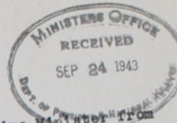
21/9/43.

SURVEYS AND ENGINEERING BRANCH - DEPT. OF MINES & RESOURCES

Summary of camp establishment and operations  
Japanese Construction Camps in Ontario and British  
Columbia, April 1st to August 31st, 1942-44.

Number of Japanese in camp on each project

COPY



EXTRACTS from letter received by the Prime Minister from  
Ralph A. Logan, Esq., 1604 Royal Bank Building, Vancouver, B.C.

1. The federal situation here, in my opinion, can be greatly improved by immediate action being taken on your part to right some of the grievances of the electors of this province, otherwise, you will loose practically every liberal seat in Vancouver, the Fraser Valley and the Interior of the Province south of the 51st parallel at the next Federal election.
2. One bitter objection the people have is to the mollycoddling and privileges extended to the evacuated Japanese at the glorified Tashme evacuation camp near Hope and other evacuation centers in the Interior which is costing the people of Canada unnecessary millions for the benefit of certain Pacific Coast interests with sufficient influence in Ottawa to carry out their lucrative plans for both present and post-war operations, regardless of strenuous objections made on the floor of the House by Liberal Members of the districts, while our Canadians in the hands of the Japanese in Hong Kong and elsewhere are abominably treated.
3. I find it is beyond the comprehension of the majority of the people of this province to understand why certain interests, the principal benefactors of which are known to have no concern regarding your government's future, should have a greater influence in Ottawa than the Liberal members they elected to represent them. Members who brought this situation to the floor of the House without obtaining any redress.

1942-1944  
Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



67-25(4)  
DEPARTMENT OF  
PENSIONS AND NATIONAL HEALTH

(Copy-FT)

21st December 1942.

MR. KACHAMARA - ATTENTION MR. FARNETT  
For your information J.M.W.

21/9/43.

SURVEYS AND ENGINEERING BRANCH - DEPT. OF MINES & RESOURCES

63

Ottawa, September 27, 1943.

My dear Colleague,

I have your letter of the 24th instant, together with record Statements of Expenditures on behalf of Japanese, by the Department of Labour and the Department of Mines and Resources for the period April 1st to August 31st, 1943.

The contents have been carefully noted.  
Yours faithfully,

The Honourable Humphrey Mitchell,  
Minister of Labour,  
Ottawa, Ontario.

1/43

Relative  
is to  
is

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12

12

Resource Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



(Copy-FT)

21st December 1942.

Ottawa, July 22, 1943.

NO. \_\_\_\_\_

Sir,

I have the honour to state that we have been informed that the war re-allocation authority has produced a number of detailed studies and reports covering the establishment and operation of re-allocation camps for persons of Japanese race who were moved out of the Pacific Coast states after the United States became engaged in war against Japan. It is understood that some twenty reports in all have been published.

It would be greatly appreciated if not less than three copies of each of these reports could be obtained and forwarded to this Department for consideration here and for transmission to the Canadian officials concerned with similar problems in this country.

I have the honour to be,  
Sir,  
Your obedient servant,

The Honourable Mackenzie  
Minister of Labour  
OTTAWA  
Secretary of State for  
External Affairs.

The Canadian Minister to the United States,  
Canadian Legation,  
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Japanese - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)  
1942-1944



67-25(4)  
21st December 1942.

(Copy-FT)

*Number of Employees*

67-25(5)

Order in Council establishing regulations re provision for  
the administration relative to the further placement,  
control and maintenance of persons of the Japanese  
race in Canada.

P. C. 946

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA  
FRIDAY, the 5th day of FEBRUARY, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

WHEREAS by Order in Council P.C. 1665 of  
March 4, 1942, the British Columbia Security Com-  
mission was established to plan, supervise and direct  
the evacuation from the protected areas of British  
Columbia of all persons of the Japanese race re-  
quired to leave such areas by Order of the Minister  
of Justice under Regulation four of the Defence  
of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1941, as  
amended, and the placement and maintenance of such  
persons;

AND WHEREAS the Minister of Labour reports  
that the evacuation and initial placement of such  
persons has been substantially carried out and it is  
desirable to relieve the members of the said Com-  
mission, who are acting without remuneration, of  
responsibility for the administration relative to  
the further placement, control and maintenance of  
such persons;

AND WHEREAS it is deemed advisable, by  
reason of the state of war now existing, for the  
order and welfare of Canada to make provision for  
such administration and for the control of persons  
of the Japanese race in Canada;

THEREFORE, His Excellency the Governor  
General in Council, on the recommendation of the  
Minister of Labour, and under the authority of the  
War Measures Act, Chapter 206 Revised Statutes  
of Canada, 1927, is pleased to make the fol-  
lowing Regulations and they are hereby made and  
established accordingly.

Definitions/  
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67-25(4)  
21st December 1942.

(Copy-FT)

*Number of Employees*

- 2 -

P. C. 946

#### DEFINITIONS

1. (1) In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,
- (a) "Advisory Board" or "Board" means the Advisory Board established by these Regulations;
  - (b) "Commission" means the British Columbia Security Commission established by Order in Council P.C. 1665 of March 4, 1942;
  - (c) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Japanese Placement appointed pursuant to these Regulations;
  - (d) "Deputy Minister" means the Deputy Minister of Labour;
  - (e) "Minister" means the Minister of Labour;
  - (f) "person of the Japanese race" means any person wholly or partly of the Japanese race required to leave any protected area of British Columbia by order of the Minister of Justice under regulation four of the Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942, as amended, and who is within any such protected area or who was ordinarily resident within any protected area but who has left or leaves such area after February 5, 1942;
  - (g) other words and phrases shall have the same meaning as in the Defence of Canada Regulations..

(2) The Interpretation Act and every provision thereof shall be applicable to and in respect of every order, rule or regulation made by the Minister pursuant to these Regulations except insofar as any such provision is inconsistent with the intent or object of such order, rule or regulation, or would give to any word, expression or clause thereof an interpretation repugnant to the subject matter or the context, or is in any such order, rule or regulation, declared not applicable thereto.

#### Duties of the Minister

2. It shall be the duty of the Minister to plan, supervise and direct the evacuation from the protected areas of British Columbia of all persons of the Japanese race and the placement and control of such persons elsewhere in Canada and to take such measures as he deems necessary to provide or to arrange for the transportation, housing, feeding, care, protection, employment and welfare of such persons.

Powers/

1942-1944  
Japanese in B.C. 17-25(4)



67-25(4)  
21st December 1942.

(Copy-FT)

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

OTTAWA

HIS EXCELLENCY, THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

DEPUTY MINISTER'S OFFICE  
OTTAWA, January 20, 1943

COPY

MEMORANDUM to Minister of Labour  
re Recommendation to Council for the Transfer of the Powers  
of the B. C. Security Commission to the Minister of Labour

1. The B. C. Security Commission was established under P. C. 1665 and P. C. 1666 of March 4, 1942, to provide for the evacuation and placement of Japanese situated in the protected areas of British Columbia.

2. The initial job of evacuation and placement having been practically completed, it is still necessary to provide for the continued administration of placement plans now in operation and for the re-allocation of Japanese as required from time to time and for their continued control and maintenance outside of the protected areas of British Columbia.

3. The members of the British Columbia Security Commission have asked to be relieved of their responsibility and in meeting this request it is considered advisable to transfer the administration to an Executive Officer working under the instructions of the Minister of Labour.

4. The order provides:  
(a) For the transfer of the administrative powers of the Commission to the Minister of Labour. The Deputy Minister of Labour may exercise the powers of the Minister.

The assets of the Commission in the form of real and personal property are vested in the Crown and the rights and obligations of the Commission under existing contracts are vested in the Minister as successor to the Commission.

- (b) An administrative officer designated as Commissioner of Japanese Placement is named as Chief Executive Officer under the Minister and Deputy Minister of Labour.

- (c) An Advisory Board to the Minister is constituted which includes the Deputy Minister of Labour as Chairman, the Commissioner as Vice-Chairman, the persons who have been members of the B. C. Security Commission and such other persons as may be nominated by the Minister of Labour. This Board will advise the Minister on matters of policy.

- (d) Staff of the Commission is taken over by the Minister at their present salaries, and provision is made for the appointment of additional staff by the Minister as required, salaries of such staff to be fixed by the Governor in Council.

5. Widen power is given to the Minister to make orders and regulations governing the conduct, activities and discipline of persons resident anywhere in Canada who are of the Japanese race, or whose father or mother are of the Japanese race, and is inserted after consultation with the H.C.M.V. Heretofore, such power was extended only over such  
over

1942-1944  
Japanese - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



(Copy-FT)

21st December 1942.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR  
OTTAWA

HIS EXCELLENCY, THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

The undersigned has the honour to report:  
That by Order in Council P.C. 1665 of March 4,  
1942, the British Columbia Security Commission was  
established to plan, supervise and direct the evacuation  
from the protected areas of British Columbia of all persons  
of the Japanese race required to leave such areas by Order  
of the Minister of Justice under Regulation four of the  
Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1941, as  
amended, and the placement and maintenance of such  
persons.

That the evacuation and initial placement of  
such persons has been substantially carried out and it is  
desirable to relieve the members of the said Commission,  
who are acting without remuneration, of responsibility  
for the administration relative to the further placement,  
control and maintenance of such persons;

That the undersigned is of opinion that it is  
advisable, by reason of the state of war now existing, for  
the order and welfare of Canada to make provision for such  
administration and for the control of persons of the  
Japanese race in Canada.

Now therefore the undersigned has the honour  
to recommend that Your Excellency in Council, under and by  
virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act,  
Chapter 206 Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, be pleased

1942-1944  
Japanese - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)

persons of the Japanese race as were residents or ordinarily residents in  
the protected areas of British Columbia at the date of the evacuation  
order.  
The appointments of the present members of the B. C. Security  
Commission are vacated and the Commission dissolved. By P. C. 1665  
of December 21st, 1942, George Collins was appointed General Supervisor  
of Japanese Evacuation, and he was given subordinate administrative powers  
which are now terminated. His future powers and duties are set out in  
the present Order.  
The draft Order herewith has been approved as to form by the  
Attorney General of the Department of Justice.

"A. Macdonald"

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

MEMORANDUM



67-25(4)  
21st December 1942.

(Copy-FT)

*Number of Employees*  
*Vanadium 61*

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to order that the following Regulations be made:

Definitions

1. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, "Board" or "Board" means the (a) "Advisory Board established by these Regulations;
- (b) "Commission" means the British Columbia Security Commission established by Order in Council P.C. 1665 of March 4, 1942;
- (c) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Japanese Placement appointed pursuant to these Regulations;
- (d) "Deputy Minister" means the Deputy Minister of Labour;
- (e) "Minister" means the Minister of Labour;
- (f) "person of the Japanese race" means any person wholly or partly of the Japanese race required to leave any protected area of British Columbia by order of the Minister of Justice under regulation Minister of the Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942, as amended, and who is within any such protected area or who was ordinarily resident within any protected area but who has left or leaves such area after February 5, 1942;
- (g) other words and phrases shall have the same meaning as in the Defence of Canada Regulations.
- (2) The Interpretation Act and every provision thereof shall be applicable to and in respect of every order, rule or regulation made by the Minister pursuant to these Regulations except insofar as any such provision is inconsistent with the intent or object of such order, rule or regulation, or would give to any word, expression or clause thereof an interpretation repugnant to the subject matter or the context, or is in any such order, rule or regulation, declared not applicable thereto.

Duties of the Minister

2. It shall be the duty of the Minister to plan, supervise and direct the evacuation from the protected areas of British Columbia of all persons of the Japanese race and the placement and control of such persons elsewhere in Canada and to take such measures as he deems necessary to provide or to arrange for the transportation, housing, feeding, care, protection, employment and welfare of such persons.

Powers of the Minister

3. (1) The Minister may -
- (i) determine the time and order of the evacuation from any protected areas of British Columbia of persons of the Japanese race and their mode of transportation in such evacuation;
- (ii) determine from time to time the

1942-1944  
Japanese - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



DEPARTMENT OF  
PENSIONS AND NATIONAL HEALTH

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Number of Employees  
Vanadium 61  
Field staff 44

- 3 -

- localities in which persons of the Japanese race shall be placed or may reside;
- (iii) take such measures as he deems advisable to provide or to arrange for the transportation, housing, feeding, care, protection, employment and welfare of persons of the Japanese race;
  - (iv) employ persons of the Japanese race for such purposes at such rates of wages and on such terms and conditions as he deems advisable;
  - (v) take such measures as he deems advisable to provide or to arrange for the care of dependents resident in Canada, including therein dependent parents, of any person of the Japanese race who is engaged in employment pursuant to these Regulations or pursuant to the provisions of Order in Council P.C. 1348 of February 19, 1942, or otherwise, by requiring such person to assign a portion of his wages, or by making deductions or requiring deductions to be made from his wages, or otherwise, and for such purpose may make such orders or regulations as he deems advisable;
  - (vi) take such measures as he deems advisable to provide or to make arrangements for the provision of direct relief, including necessary medical services, to any indigent person of the Japanese race;
  - (vii) require, by order, any person of the Japanese race in any place in Canada to proceed to any other place in Canada at such time and in such manner as he may prescribe;
  - (viii) make orders, rules or regulations respecting the conduct, activities or discipline of persons of the Japanese race as defined in these Regulations, or of other persons resident anywhere in Canada who are wholly of the Japanese race, or who have a father or a mother who is or was wholly of the Japanese race, and may by order prohibit such persons of the Japanese race or such other persons, from engaging in any activities, employment or business, or in any specified activities, employment or business, in Canada, from moving or travelling anywhere in Canada, from residing in any place in Canada or from associating with any persons, or communicating with any persons, except subject to a permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister and on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by him or by any person authorized to act on his behalf under these Regulations.

Japanese Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



21st December 1942.

(Copy-Ft)

*Number of Employees*  
*Vanarsden* 61  
*Fried staff* 44

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(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection one of this section, the power of the Minister to place any person of the Japanese race in any locality shall be restricted to making provision for the temporary placement only of such person during the state of war now existing between Canada and Japan.

#### Enforcement

(1) Any person who contravenes or omits to comply with any of these Regulations or any order, rule or regulation made pursuant to these Regulations and liable on summary of an offence under these Regulations and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

(2) In any prosecution for an offence under these Regulations it shall be presumed that the accused is a person of the Japanese race as defined in these Regulations, or is a person who is wholly of the Japanese race or is a person whose father or mother is or was wholly of the Japanese race, until the contrary is proved and the burden of such proof shall be upon the accused.

(3) Any peace officer may arrest without warrant any person whom he finds committing or whom he has reasonable grounds for believing has committed any offence under these Regulations.

(4) Every document, purporting to be, or to contain or to be a copy of an order, rule, regulation, permit or authority made or given by the Minister, the Deputy Minister or the Commissioner pursuant to these Regulations and purporting to be signed by the Minister, the Deputy Minister or the Commissioner shall be evidence of such order, rule, regulation, permit or authority.

#### Administration

5. The Deputy Minister may exercise all powers conferred on the Minister under these Regulations.

6. There shall be a Commissioner of Japanese Placement who shall, under the Minister and the Deputy Minister, be the Chief Executive Officer charged with the Administration of these Regulations and who may under their control and direction exercise such and every power conferred by these Regulations on the Minister, including any power involving the exercise of a discretion.

7. (1) The Minister may employ such professional, technical or other officers, clerks and employees as he deems necessary for the purpose of the administration of these Regulations and may, with the approval of the Governor in Council, fix their remuneration.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection one of this section, all officers, clerks and employees who are employed by the Commissioner immediately prior to the coming into operation of these Regulations, may be employed by the Minister for the purpose of the administration of these Regulations at their present rate of remuneration and shall perform such duties as are assigned to them by the Minister.

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Japanese Order - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



21st December 1942.

(Copy-FT)

*Number of Employees*  
*Vancouver* 61  
*Field staff* 44

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8. (1) The Minister may enter into contracts and acquire real and personal property on behalf of His Majesty but no contract shall be entered into by him pursuant to these Regulations involving an expenditure in excess of fifteen thousand dollars except with the approval of the Governor in Council.

(2) No real property shall be purchased on behalf of His Majesty pursuant to the provisions of these Regulations except with the approval of the Governor in Council.

9. The Minister may, for the purpose of carrying out his duties under these Regulations, enter into arrangements with any Department of the Government of Canada or into agreements on behalf of the Government of Canada with the Government of any Province for the use or occupation of any Dominion or Provincial Crown lands.

10. The Minister may enter into an agreement on behalf of the Government of Canada with the Government of any Province relative to the placement in such province of persons of the Japanese race and any such agreement may provide that any such persons will be removed from such Province upon the termination of the state of war now existing between Canada and Japan.

#### Advisory Board

11. (1) There shall be constituted an Advisory Board to advise the Minister on the performance of his duties under these Regulations.

(2) The Board shall consist of the Deputy Minister who shall be the Chairman of the Board and Austin C. Taylor, Esq., of Vancouver, John Shirras of Vancouver, B.C., Assistant Commissioner of British Columbia Provincial Police Force and Frederick John Mead of Ottawa, Ontario, Assistant Commissioner, R.C.M.P., together with other persons as the Minister may nominate shall be members thereof.

(3) The meetings of the Board shall be held at the call of the Chairman or the Vice Chairman.

(4) The Board may make bylaws for the conduct of its business.

(5) Each member of the Board shall be paid a fee of ten dollars for each day he is absent from his usual place of residence while attending meetings of the Board and his actual and reasonable disbursements incurred in connection therewith.

#### Departmental Assistance

12. All departments and agencies of the Government of Canada shall assist the Minister by lending to the Minister such personnel and by furnishing such medical aid, hospitalization, food, clothing, transportation, use of land, buildings, equipment, utilities, and other supplies and services as are available, and may be required by the Minister, and in particular, but without restricting the generality of the foregoing, there shall be furnished to the Minister

(a) assistance by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police in the compiling of information concerning the

Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



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(COPY-FT)

21st December 1942.

*Number of Employees*

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- persons to be evacuated under these Regulations in the segregation and concentration of such persons and in the maintenance of public security in respect thereof;
- (b) assistance by the Department of Transport in the transportation of persons evacuated under these Regulations;
  - (c) assistance by the Department of National Defence by furnishing personnel to advise on and assist in the housing, feeding and clothing of persons evacuated under these Regulations;
  - (d) assistance by the Department of Munitions and Supply in advising upon and entering into contracts or other arrangements to provide housing, food, supplies and services for such persons;
  - (e) assistance by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and/or the Department of National Defence in the protection of persons evacuated under these Regulations and in the maintenance of public security in respect thereof;

Provided, however, that notwithstanding the provisions of these Regulations any Minister responsible for the administration of any of the departments or agencies of the Government shall have the right to determine whether or not any item of assistance requested can be made available.

General

13. (1) All real and personal property or any interest therein held by the Commission shall on and after the coming into operation of these Regulations, be vested in His Majesty in right of Canada.

(2) All rights, duties and obligations of the Commission under any agreements entered into by the Commission with the Government of any province of Canada or under any contract entered into by the Commission with any person shall, on and after the coming into operation of these Regulations, be vested in and assumed by His Majesty in right of CANADA, represented by the Minister, who shall be the successor to the Commission in respect thereof.

(3) The Minister may, in the name of the Commission, execute any conveyance, transfer or other document necessary to transfer the title of any real or personal property or any interest therein held in the name of the Commission to His Majesty.

14. (1) Paragraphs numbered 2 to 11 inclusive and 13 to 16 inclusive of Order in Council P.C. 1665 of March 4, 1942, and Order in Council P.C. 1666 of March 4, 1942, are revoked effective on and after the date of the coming into operation of these regulations.

(2) All orders, rules or regulations made pursuant to any power conferred by Order in Council, P.C. 1665, of March 4, 1942, effective immediately prior to the coming into operation of these Regulations or such Order in Council, the revocation of said paragraphs or such Order in Council, shall continue to be valid and in full force and effect unless or until revoked or varied by the Minister pursuant to these Regulations and shall be deemed to have been made by the Minister pursuant to these Regulations and the power of the Minister to make orders, rules or regulations pursuant to these Regulations shall include power to revoke or vary such orders, rules or regulations.

*Japanese (later - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4))*



21st December 1943

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15. (1) The General Supervisor of Japanese Evacuation and Maintenance appointed by Order in Council, P.C. 11037 of December 3, 1942, shall be the Commissioner for the purposes of these Regulations unless and until his appointment is revoked.  
(2) The paragraph of the Order in Council, P.C. 11037 of December 3, 1942, commencing "The undersigned further recommends that the duties and functions ..." and ending "... on the Commissioner of Japanese Evacuation and Maintenance" wherever it appears is deleted.  
(3) The term "General Supervisor of Japanese Evacuation and Maintenance" wherever it appears is substituted therefor.

16. All expenses or costs incurred by the Minister or by any department or agency of the Government of Canada in connection with the enforcement or administration of these Regulations shall be paid out of monies appropriated by Parliament to carry out measures deemed necessary in consequence of the existence of a state of war.

17. Nothing contained in these Regulations shall be construed to limit or to derogate from the powers conferred on any authority by the Defence of Canada Regulations or any Statute of the Parliament of Canada.

18. These Regulations shall come into operation on and after the 26th day of January 1945.

Respectfully submitted,

Minister of Labour.

Employees  
61  
44  
12  
117  
Head Office,  
Vancouver, B. C.,  
January 27th, 1943.

VANCOUVER

DATE  
COMMENCED

Form 6102 B

OF SERVICE DESIRED  
DATE MESSAGE  
TYPE  
MESSAGE  
TYPE  
IF NOT AN X-MAIL  
MESSAGE DESIRED  
THE MESSAGE  
SHOULD BE  
TELEGRAM

Japanese Evacuee - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)  
1942-1944



DEPARTMENT OF  
PENSIONS AND NATIONAL HEALTH

67-25(4)

*Number of Employees*  
*Varanover* 61  
*Field staff* 44  
*Prov. Representatives* 12  
*Total* 117

Head Office,  
Vancouver, B. C.,  
January 27th, 1943.

BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURITY COMMISSION STAFF - VANCOUVER  
AS AT JANUARY 27TH, 1943.

NAME	POSITION	CLASS	SALARY	DATE COMMENCED
ARTHUR, Col. Lennox	Medical Supervisor		↓ \$3600 per annum	Mar. 28/42
BENDER, Miss P. Joan	Clerk	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	May 26/42
BOOTH, Mrs. C. V.	I/C Education Dept.	Gr. 4	1620 p. a.	Mar. 3/42
BOYD, Miss Lala	Graduate Nurse		1800 p. a. & C.L.B.	Sept. 8/42
BROWN, Martin L.	Office Manager & Act'g. Secty.		↓ 2520 p. a.	Apr. 11/42
CHISHOLM, W. G.	Clerk	Gr. 4	1620 p.a. & C.L.B.	June 15/42
COLLINS, Geo. E.	General Supervisor		↓ 5800 p.a. ✓	Nov. 1/42
CRINGAN, Mrs. E.	Statistician	Gr. 4	1620 p.a. & C.L.B.	Mar. 16/42
DAVIES, Miss Jessie	Clerk	Gr. 1A	900 p.a. & C.L.B.	Mar. 23/42
DEMPSTER, Mr. Jas. (See B.C.S.C. - Tashme)	Truck Driver		1380 p.a. & C.L.B.	Apr. 8/42
DESHERISAY, F. E. ✓	Executive Assistant		↓ 3600 p.a.	Apr. 28/42
DURANT, Wm.	Clerk	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	Mar. 11/42
EASTWOOD, Wm. A.	General Manager		↓ 4200 p.a.	Apr. 27/42
ELLISON, Miss J. A.	Clerk	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	Dec. 17/42
FALLS, Mrs. Flossie	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1030 p.a. & C.L.B.	Dec. 21/42
FEIMANN, Mrs. M. E.	Nurse-in-charge		1380 p.a. & C.L.B.	May 15/42
FERGUSON, Miss M.	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	Mar. 12/42
FISHER, C. W.	Transportation Officer		↓ 1920 p.a. & C.L.B.	Apr. 24/42
FORREST, Mrs. P. V.	Stenographer	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	July 13/42
GOODMAN, Miss Elaine	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	Mar. 7/42
GOODMAN, Mrs. Mabel	Housekeeper		1020 p.a. & C.L.B.	Mar. 31/42

Japanese Office - Japanese in B.C.  
 67-25(4)



67-25(4)

2.

BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURITY COMMISSION STAFF - VANCOUVER

NAME	POSITION	CLASS	SALARY	DATE COMMENCED
GREGG, Miss I. M.	Stenographer	Gr. 2	\$1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	Mar. 31/42
HAMBLETT, Mrs. A. B.	Clerk	Gr. 4	1620 p.a. & C.L.B.	Mar. 10/42
HARRISON, Miss B.	Clerk	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	Sept. 14/42
HAWKINS, Miss D. I.	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	Mar. 31/42.
HERRN, Miss E. D.	Stenographer	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	Apr. 28/42
HUNT, Miss June M.	Clerk, Gr. 1	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	June 4/42.
HUTTON, Mrs. V.	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	Mar. 30/42
JONES, Mrs. D. M.	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	Dec. 11/42
LEE, Miss Phyllis	Head Dietician		2160 p.a.	Apr. 1/42
LEIGH, Miss Amy	General Social Welfare Worker i/c Reorganization		Services loaned by City of Vancouver	Sept. 15/42 Terminating employment on Jan. 31/43
LENDON, Gordon R.	Evacuation Officer		1920 p.a. & C.L.B.	Aug. 13/42
LIPSEY, Miss Sara E.	Graduate Nurse		1380 p.a. & C.L.B.	Sept. 1/42
MITCHELLMORE, Mrs. J.F.	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	Apr. 21/42
MOSCROF, Miss Martha	Supervisor of Social Welfare		1800 p.a. & C.L.B.	May 1/42
MUTCH, Miss Shirley	Typist	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 22/42
MYLROIE, Miss H. M.	Stenographer	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 17/42
MCCULLOUGH, Mrs. F.	Clerk	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	Mar. 7/42
MACDONELL, Mrs. G. I.	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 20/42
MACGACHEN, E.	Clerk	Gr. 3	1380 p.a. & C.L.B.	May 18/42
McGEE, Miss M. W.	Nurse Undergraduate		1020 p.a. & C.L.B.	Jan. 16/42
McGOVERN, Mrs. E.	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 4/42
MEWCOMBE, Miss M. E.	Clerk	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	Dec. 3/42

Japanese Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



67-25(4)

PERSONAL HEALTH

01-2 December 1942.

3.

## BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURITY COMMISSION STAFF- VANCOUVER

NAME	POSITION	CLASS	SALARY	DATE COMMENCED
NIXON, Miss Mary	Clerk	Gr. 1A	\$ 900 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 21/42
NOLAN, Miss Doreen	Typist	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 22/42
PEERS, Mrs. Mary J.	Switchboard Operator		900 p.a. & C.L.B.	March 4/42
ROBERTSON, Miss Jean	Clerk	Gr. 2.	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 14/42
ROXBURGH, Miss M. E.	Stenographer	Gr. 2.	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 27/42
SALT, Mrs. Inez	Graduate Nurse		1380 p.a. & C.L.B.	June 6/42
SCOEY, Mrs. M. M.	Stenographer		\$3.00 per day	July 2/42
SHIRLEY, Miss B. E.	Nurse Under graduate		1020 p.a. & C.L.B.	July 9/42
SIMMONS, D. W.	Chief Accountant		↓ 2700 p.a.	March 9/42
SINCLAIR, Mrs. D.	Stenographer	Gr. 3.	1380 p.a. & C.L.B.	March 4/42
SMART, Mrs. V. B.	Clerk, Gr. 1	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	Dec. 4/42
STEVENS, R. G.	Purchasing Agent		↓ 2400 p.a.	March 16/42
TRIMWELL, Mrs. H.E.	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	March 1/42
TURNER, Mrs. Margaret	Stenographer	Gr. 1A	900 p.a. & C.L.B.	August 1/42
WALKER, Miss Margaret	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 15/42
WELSH, Miss F. L.	Clerk, Gr. 1	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	Sept. 14/42
WOLFENDEN, W. W.	Clerk,		150 per month	April 27/42
WOODWARD, Mrs. E.	Stenographer	Gr. 2.	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 23/42

Japanese Office - Japanese in B.C.  
1942-1944  
67-25(4)

61 employees



67-25(4)  
21st December 1942.

(Copy-FT)

Head Office,  
Vancouver, B. C.,  
January 27th, 1943.

BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURITY COMMISSION STAFF - INTERIOR PROJECTS  
AS AT JANUARY 27th, 1943.

NAME	POSITION	CLASS	SALARY	DATE COMMENCED
		<u>BRIDGE RIVER, B.C.</u>		
MacBrayne, W. A.	Supervisor		↓ Allowance \$7.00 per day	April 20/42
		<u>GREENWOOD, B. C.</u>		
BURROTT, Dr. J. M.	Medical Officer		↓ \$3600 p.a.	May 1/42
CALMAN, W. M.	Social Welfare Worker		1500 p.a. & C.L.B.	Oct. 19/42
COWDRILL, C. L.	Assistant Supervisor		↓ 1920 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 20/42
MORYSON, T.	Supervisor		↓ 3600 p.a.	March 11/42
RENDELL, Mrs. M. L.	Matron		1020 p.a. & C.L.B.	May 1/42
		<u>KASLO, B. C.</u>		
GIBSON, Dr. G. M.	Medical Officer		↓ 3600 p.a.	May 11/42
GUERNEY, Mrs. I. M.	Social Welfare Worker		1500 p.a. & C.L.B.	Oct. 16/42
HILL, Mrs. C. T.	Stenographer	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 26/42
LOUGHEED, H. P.	Supervisor		↓ 3000 p.a.	April 13/42
MACPHEE, A. L.	Clerk	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	Dec. 7/42
		<u>LEMON CREEK, B.C.</u>		
BURNS, J. S.	Supervisor		↓ 1920 p.a. & C.L.B.	Sept. 9/42
BOOTH, F.	Clerk	Gr. 4	1620 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 4/42
GUTTERIDGE, Miss H. R.	Social Welfare Worker		1500 p.a. & C.L.B.	Oct. 29/42
		<u>NEW DENVER, B.C.</u>		
BOULTREE, E. L.	General Manager of Interior Housing		↓ 3600 p.a. & \$10.00 per day Expense allowance	April 1/42
FRANCIS, Dr. A.	Medical Officer		↓ 6000 p.a.	May 20/42

Insurance Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURITY COMMISSION STAFF- INTERIOR PROJECTS

NAME	POSITION	CLASS	SALARY	DATE COMMENCED
<u>NEW DENVER - (Cont'd.)</u>				
GALLEY, Miss G.	Stenographer	Grade 2	\$1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 17/42
STOTT, Miss I. G.	Social Welfare Worker		1500 p.a. & C.L.B.	Jan. 15/43
WALKER, F. G.	Assistant Supervisor		1920 p.a. & C.L.B.	Oct. 19/42
SWAIN, C. F.	Supervisor		3000 p.a.	July 3/42
<u>SANDON, B. C.</u>				
FOWLER, D. W.	Assistant Supervisor		1920 p.a. & C.L.B.	June 5/42
<u>SLOCAN, B. C.</u>				
ADAMS, E. R.	Assistant Supervisor		1920 p.a. & C.L.B.	Aug. 20/42
HUFFY, Miss M. A.	Steno. Gr. 1	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	Sept. 9/42
KITCHENER, Mrs. V.	Stenographer	Gr. 1A	900 p.a. & C.L.B.	July 24/42
MORRISON, Miss M.	Graduate Nurse		1380 p.a. & C.L.B.	Dec. 1/42
MORRISON, R. O.	Assistant Supervisor		1920 p.a. & C.L.B.	Aug. 11/42
REYNOLDS, Miss G.	Graduate Nurse		1200 p.a. & C.L.B.	May 20/42
SKINNER, F. G.	Supervisor		3600 p.a.	May 7/42
A-SHIN SAI, Mrs.	Medical Officer		2400 p.a.	Nov. 25/42
TUCKER, Miss M. G.	Social Welfare Worker		1500 p.a. & C.L.B.	Sept. 1/42
<u>TASME, B. C.</u>				
ATKINSON, B. W.	Storekeeper		1800 p.a. & C.L.B.	July 20/42
ATKINSON, Mrs. L.	Clerk-Store		900 p.a.	July 20/42
COWELL, Mrs. F. S.	Store Assistant		900 p.a.	Sept. 11/42
COWELL, Mr. G. A.	Butcher		1380 p.a. & C.L.B.	Aug. 24/42

that will meet the requirements. This place is boarded up  
No. 1658 and No. 1659 West End Avenue.

Japanese Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-2514



BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURITY COMMISSION STAFF - INTERIOR PROJECTS

NAME	POSITION	CLASS	SALARY	DATE COMMENCED
TASHME (Cont'd.)				
Cooke, Dr. E. H.	Medical Officer		↓ \$4800 p.a.	April 28/42
DIMPSTER, Mr. J.	Truck Driver		1380 p.a. & O.L.B.	April 8/42
DIMPSTER, Mrs. J.	Housekeeper		1020 p.a.	Jan. 15/43
FETTERLY, Miss B.	Nurse-in-charge		1380 p.a. & O.L.B.	April 2/42
HARTLEY, Mr. Walter	Supervisor		↓ 3600 p.a.	May 6/42
REID, Mrs. A. A.	Graduate Nurse		1380 p.a. & O.L.B.	April 21/42
SANDERS, J. L.	Social Welfare Worker		1500 p.a. & O.L.B.	Dec. 1/42
SAUNDERS, S. H.	Warehouseman		1620 p.a. & O.L.B.	Mar. 28/42
SUTHERLAND, J. J.	Assistant Supervisor		↓ 1920 p.a. & O.L.B.	March 27/42
VOGLER, C. W.	Carpenter		1800 p.a. & O.L.B.	April 1/42

Insurance Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-85 (4)  
1942-1944

4/4 Employees



Head Office,  
Vancouver, B. C.  
January 27, 1943.

BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURITY COMMISSION STAFF - PROVINCIAL REPRESENTATIVES  
AS AT JANUARY 27TH, 1943.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>POSITION</u>	<u>CLASS</u>	<u>SALARY</u>	<u>DATE COMMENCED</u>
<u>LETHBRIDGE, ALBERTA</u>				
ARCHIBALD, D. C.	Field Supervisor		\$1800 p.a. & C.L.B.	Sept. 16/42
BARNES, Mrs. J.	Stenographer	Gr. 1A	900 p.a. & C.L.B.	Sept. 9/42
GRAHAM, Mrs. M. E.	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	April 23/42
RUSSELL, A. E.	Supervisor		3000 p.a.	Sept. 1/42
<u>WINNIPEG, MANITOBA</u>				
ASHBY, Mrs. K. L.	Stenographer	Gr. 1 A	900 p.a. & C.L.B.	Oct. 5/42
BROWN, R. C.	Supervisor		2700 p.a.	Aug. 1/42
McCREA, Miss M. I.	Stenographer	Gr. 2	1080 p.a. & C.L.B.	Aug. 1/42
MacTAVISH, James M.	Clerk	Gr. 4	1620 p.a. & C.L.B.	Jan. 15/43
LISTER, J. N.	Supervisor of Alta. & Man. - Sugar Beet Projects		3600 p.a.	April 9/42
<u>PORT ARTHUR, ONTARIO</u>				
MOLKOSKI, Miss A.	Stenographer	Gr. 1	720 p.a. & C.L.B.	Sept. 1/42
PIPHER, Graham	Representative for Commission		2400 p.a.	April 15/42
<u>TORONTO, Ontario.</u>				
TRUSMAN, G. E.	Placement Officer		3500 p.a.	Aug. 1/42

Because Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-85(1)

1/2 Employees

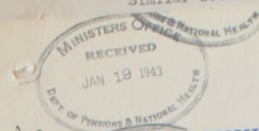
that will meet the requirements of  
No. 1658 and No. 1659 East End Avenue. This place is boarded up



67.27.43  
January 11, 1943  
67-25(4)

COMMITTEE ON JAPANESE PROBLEMS

Similar letter to Messrs. McLarty and Mitchell



THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA

Ottawa, January 16th, 1943

My dear Colleague:

I have your letter of the 15th instant enclosing memorandum of the minutes of the meeting held on Monday last to deal with various Japanese questions.

There has been prepared and submitted to yourself a draft Order-in-Council dealing with certain recommendations, although it does not deal with all of them.

In connection with 1(1) power is given to the Custodian to liquidate. This has been rather carefully worded but I believe will cover this point.

In connection with 1 (2) - there is no specific recommendation in the Order in Council appointing the Committee, it being thought that the Committee could be appointed as an advisory one by the Custodian. I do not see any reason why it should not be included in the Order-in-Council but it was thought that probably this could be done by the Custodian in order to protect himself in the matter of valuation et cetera in the liquidation.

In connection with 2 - sub items nos. 1 and 2 are provided in the Order in Council but the Order does not provide for sub items nos. 3 and 4.

In connection with 3 - logging operations - the Order does not provide for this at all.

In view of the fact that the Order only provides for those matters which require authority by Order-in-Council, I agree with you that it might be well to have the minutes of the meeting endorsed by Council so that it will, in addition to the Order, cover the whole field which was discussed at our meeting.

Yours sincerely,

*Honourable Ian A. Mackenzie*

Honourable Ian A. Mackenzie,  
Minister of Pensions & National Health,  
O t t a w a.

in arriving at an expenditure in keeping with our credit balance  
that will meet the requirements of the City.  
No. 1658 and No. 1658 West End Avenue. This place is boarded up



January 11, 1943

B. 7. 27. 1. 43  
67-25(4)

Similar letter to Messrs. McLarty and Mitchell  
✓ ✓ 67-25(4)

MEM

Ottawa, 15th January, 1943

My dear Colleague,-

I beg to enclose memorandum of minutes of the meeting we had the other day to deal with Japanese questions.

I think we should get the endorsement of Council on these matters.

Yours sincerely,

The Honourable T. A. Crerar,  
Minister of Mines and Resources,  
O t t a w a.

Resource Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)

in arriving at an expenditure  
that will meet the requirements  
No. 1658 and No. 1659 West End



January 11, 1945

67.27.1.43  
67-25(4)

COMMITTEE ON JAPANESE EVACUATION

Suggested agenda. Committee dealing with Japanese Evacuation.

- ✓ 1. Urban properties, Vancouver. Assessed value \$1,800,000. Other urban property, estimated value, \$1,100,000. *Conversion table change no reading*
- ✓ 2. Agricultural lands. *conversion table change no reading*
- ✓ 3. Logging operations: Royston Lumber Company Limited, Deep Bay Logging Company Limited. *conversion table change no reading*
4. Cameras and Radios.
5. Disposal of remainder of fishing vessels. *conversion table change no reading*
6. Chattels. *conversion table change no reading*
7. Fire Insurance.
8. Amendments to Orders in Council which may be necessary to carry into effect policies decided upon. *conversion table change no reading*

That the Board of Settlement Board have the carriage of the Japanese to assist the Custodian in Vancouver in regard to these properties.

That the Director of the Veterans' Land Act have the carriage of the Japanese as he may require, as soon as he may deem advisable.

Logging Operations - Royston Lumber Company Limited, Deep Bay Logging Company Limited

As a result of the vital necessity of obtaining this lumber for war purposes, there should be re-opened, and the lumber received for the Royston Lumber Company be accepted by the Custodian and such other tender as accepted by the Custodian for the Deep Bay Logging Company Limited be also accepted, and that the Custodian be thereunto properly empowered.

in arriving at an expenditure in keeping with our credit balance that will meet the requirements of the City.

No. 1658 and No. 1658 West End Avenue. This place is boarded up

Insurance Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



January 11, 1943

COMMITTEE ON JAPANESE PROBLEMS

Questions Discussed and Decisions Thereon

1. Urban Properties - Vancouver  
Assessed value - \$1,800,000.  
Other urban property -  
Estimated value - \$1,100,000.

RECOMMENDATION:

1. That the principle of liquidation be recommended;
2. That a committee of three, consisting of --  
one recommended by the city of Vancouver;  
one nominee of the Dominion Government; and  
one recommended by the Spanish Consul at Vancouver,  
representing the Japanese;  
be appointed to dispose in the most equitable form of  
urban property in the city of Vancouver, and later  
elsewhere.

2. Agricultural Lands

RECOMMENDATION:

1. That Order in Council, P.C. 5523 be rescinded;
  2. That the Custodian take charge;
  3. That the Soldier Settlement Board lend the services  
of Mr. MacKay to assist the Custodian in Vancouver in  
regard to these properties.
  4. That the Director of the Veterans' Land Act take over  
such properties as he may require, as soon as he may  
deem advisable.
3. Logging Operations -  
Royston Lumber Company Limited  
Deep Bay Logging Company Limited

RECOMMENDATION:

On account of the vital necessity of obtaining this  
lumber for war purposes, these should be re-opened,  
and the tender received for the Royston Lumber Company  
be accepted by the Custodian; and such other tender  
as he may receive for the Deep Bay Logging Company  
Limited be also accepted, and that the Custodian be  
thereunto properly empowered.

in arriving at an expenditure in keeping with our credit balance  
that will meet the requirements of the City.  
No. 1658 and No. 1658 West End Avenue. This place is boarded up

Japanese Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



January 11, 1943

COMMITTEE ON JAPANESE PROBLEMS

Questions Discussed and Decisions Thereon

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Other urban property -  
Estimated value - \$1,100,000.

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Royston Lumber Company Limited  
Deep Bay Logging Company Limited

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Limited be also accepted, and that the Custodian be  
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in arriving at an expenditure in keeping with our credit balance  
that will meet the requirements of the City.  
No. 1652 and No. 1658 West End Avenue. This place is boarded up

Japanese Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



2.

4. Cameras and Radios

RECOMMENDATION:

That cameras and radios be not provided to those Japanese who are still within the confines of British Columbia, but do be restored to their owners who are outside British Columbia, and that those in British Columbia be so notified.

5. Disposal of Remainder of Fishing Vessels

RECOMMENDATION:

1. That the Custodian continue to dispose of these as best he can.
2. That the cost of looking after those now in charge of the Custodian, and disbursements made, be a charge against the total sales of fishing boats and gear.

6. Chattels

RECOMMENDATION:

That disposal of these chattels - seeing that some of them are household goods or gods, be delicately handled and be left to the good judgment of Dr. Coleman and Mr. MacNamara.

7. Fire Insurance

RECOMMENDATION:

That the Custodian should insure where he deems it necessary.

8. Amendments to Orders in Council which may be necessary to carry into effect policies decided upon

RECOMMENDATION:

That such an order in council be immediately prepared by the Secretary of State, and that it confer upon the Custodian all necessary power to carry out the aforesaid policies.

.....

No. 1658 and No. 1659 West End Avenue. This place is boarded up

1942-1944  
Reserve Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-85 (4)



67-25(4)  
DEPARTMENT OF  
PENSIONS AND NATIONAL HEALTH

(Copy-FT)

21st December 1942.

Captain Godfrey



THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA

Ottawa, January 7, 1943

Dear Mr. Senior,

Mr. McLarty would be grateful if  
you would draw the attached memorandum to  
the attention of your Minister.

Yours sincerely,

*A. W. Hamilton*

A. W. Hamilton  
Private Secretary.

C. Norman Senior, Esq.,  
Private Secretary to the  
Minister of Pensions and National Health.  
Ottawa.

tenant to occupy the premises. In many cases it has been  
possible to find tenants who were prepared to advance the  
money for these repairs in order to get a place to live.  
There is a serious shortage of houses for war workers, which,  
of necessity, they have taken former Japanese homes, which  
is the majority of cases, in my opinion, they would other-  
wise not have considered living in. As far as particular  
cases are concerned, I would refer to Mr. Wright's Memoran-  
dum to me dated October 16th last.

Reserve Air - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)  
1942-1944



Legal Section  
GWM/DI  
January 5, 1943.

Memorandum for Dr. Coleman  
Re: Japanese Evacuee Section.

For a general statement indicating the estimated value of evacuee assets under administration, I would refer to my letter to you dated October 19th last.

In accordance with your instructions, the following are the points which I believe require decisions of policy:

1. REAL ESTATE

The principal question is whether or not real estate should be administered or liquidated. For a general statement in this regard, I would refer to my letter to you dated December 12th, 1942.

(a) <u>Urban.</u>	Assessed value,	\$1,800,000
(I) <u>Vancouver.</u>		
The latest figures received today from Vancouver by wire dated January 4, 1943, give the following information:		
<u>Properties on City Records.</u>		630
Sales made by Japanese,		30
Unimproved properties,		120
Sales made by Custodian with approval of Japanese,		20
Buildings rented,		410
Buildings vacant,		50
		630

Practically all of the vacant buildings are in the Powell Street area.

In so far as the City of Vancouver is concerned, the Powell Street area is the most pressing problem, particularly in view of the attitude of the Special Committee of the City Council, the Chairman of which is Alderman Buscombe. I attended a meeting of this Special Committee on December 18th, and would refer to Mr. Shears' Memorandum prepared after that meeting.

In order to rent buildings in this area, it has been necessary to obtain the approval of the City Building Inspector, Health Department and Electrical Departments, who, in the majority of cases, have required extensive repairs and additions to be made before they will permit a tenant to occupy the premises. In many cases it has been possible to find tenants who were prepared to advance the money for these repairs in order to get a place to live. There is a serious shortage of houses for war workers, which, of necessity, they have taken former Japanese homes, which in the majority of cases, in my opinion, they would otherwise not have considered living in. As far as particular cases are concerned, I would refer to Mr. Wright's Memorandum to me dated October 16th last.

are trying to keep closer tabs on all such work instead of leaving these matters in the hands of agents. I anticipate no difficulty in arriving at an expenditure in keeping with our credit balance that will meet the requirements of the City.

No. 1652 and No. 1658 West End Avenue. This place is boarded up



In so far as the City of Vancouver is concerned, as stated in my report to the Hon. Mr. McLarty dated December 23rd, 1942, I have been requested by the Special Committee to ask that the Powell Street area property be sold by the Custodian with a view to its being converted into an industrial site. On this point, I am assured by Mr. Walker, of the Pemberton Realty Corporation, that local C.P.R. officials in Vancouver are interested in obtaining additional trackage along the harbour, and that some of this property will be suitable for that purpose.

While the figures given above indicate that the Custodian has been rather successful in renting buildings, it is obvious that the rents obtained will not carry the fixed charges and repairs over any considerable period, and I do not think that the tenants will remain if they can obtain better accommodation. I understand that several housing schemes are already under way in Vancouver for war workers. Store premises are being used as residences in some cases, and on Powell Street, practically all of the lower floors are stores and the upper floors used as rooming houses. Any policy of liquidating the stores would have to take into consideration the various orders of the War Time Prices and Trade Board, whose rulings have already conflicted with the disposal of business premises, as referred to in my letter to you dated

(II) Other Urban Property

This would include other cities and incorporated towns, but the problem involved is not as pressing as that relating to Vancouver. The estimated value of these additional properties is \$1,100,000, and the estimated number of parcels of land, 900.

(b) Agricultural lands.

In accordance with Order-in-Council P.C. 5523, which brings the Soldier Settlement of Canada into the picture, this includes all land and any interest therein "situated otherwise than within the boundaries of any incorporated city or town." This interpretation takes in considerable land that is not agricultural land in the ordinary sense, since there are many towns, such as Steveston, which are unincorporated. The Soldier Settlement of Canada have made a survey of all of such lands, and advise that there are approximately 1230 parcels, which should not be interpreted as meaning that there are 1230 farms. This point is dealt with on Page 4 of my report to the Hon. Mr. McLarty dated December 23rd.

The difficulties of administering agricultural land under the supervision of the Soldier Settlement of Canada and the Custodian has been the subject of numerous discussions and considerable correspondence. My suggestions as to a workable arrangement are set out in my letter addressed to you and dated December 12th, 1942. While it is impossible to state how many farms, as such, are under the control of the Custodian, I am of the opinion that there are approximately 800, and 552 of these are now under lease.

(c) Fishing nets.

The question of the army taking these over for camouflage is referred to in Mr. Green's letter to Captain Godfrey dated December 21, 1942.

Evidently they are reasonable in their charges and reliable. We are trying to keep closer tabs on all such work instead of leaving these matters in the hands of agents. I anticipate no difficulty in arriving at an expenditure in keeping with our credit balance that will meet the requirements of the City.  
No. 1652 and No. 1656 West End Avenue. This place is boarded up

Japanese Order - Japanese in B.C. 67-85 (1)



No doubt the Director of the Soldier Settlement of Canada can give fairly exact figures as to the total assessed value of Japanese agricultural lands, but owing to the definition of the words "persons of the Japanese race" as defined in P.C. 5523 referred to above, this will include some lands that have not vested and will not vest in the Custodian under Orders-in-Council P.C.1665, as amended by P.C.2483

2. LOGGING OPERATIONS

The Timber Controller has requested that the Custodian arrange for the re-opening of two logging operations owned by Japanese evacuees, namely the Royston Lumber Company Limited and the Deep Bay Logging Company Limited. This problem, with particular reference to the Royston Lumber Company Limited, has been referred to in my letter to you dated . . . Several tenders have been received for the purchase of the assets of this Company, and if some decision is not made almost immediately, I believe that all the offers will be withdrawn.

3. SPECIFIED ARTICLES

(a) Cameras and radios.  
The problem involved here is whether or not these articles should be returned to the Japanese, and I would refer to my report to the Hon. Mr. McLarty, dated December 23rd last, at Page 7.

(b) Fishing Vessels.  
There are two principal questions involved.

(1) Whether or not the Custodian has power to complete sales made by the Japanese Fishing Vessels Disposal Committee and to make new sales in view of the wording of the Orders-in-Council relating to this problem. In this regard, I would refer to my report dated December 23rd to the Hon. Mr. McLarty, with particular reference to Page 10, Paragraph 2, and Section 10 of the Brief.

(2) The question of whether or not the Custodian is entitled to charge actual disbursements against the proceeds received from the sale of vessels in view of the restriction imposed by Section (a) of Order-in-Council P.C.6247 that "No commission shall be charged by the Custodian in respect to such control and management," as referred to in Section 10, Part 2, Page 6 of the Brief. On your instructions, no charges have been made up to the present time. The total cost, outside actual office administration expenses for administering these vessels from August 8th to November 30th, 1942, is \$8,480.61. The present position of the boats is referred to in my report dated December 23rd to the Hon. Mr. McLarty, at Page 8.

in arriving at an expenditure in keeping with our credit balance that will meet the requirements of the City.  
No. 1652 and No.1656 West End Avenue. This place is boarded up

1942-1944  
Japanese Order - Japanese in B.C. 67-85 (4)



67-25(4)

-4-

CHATELS

This question is referred to in my report to the Hon. Mr. McLarty dated December 23rd, at Page 6. The total cost of locating, protecting and storing chattels to November 30th, is \$7,490.29. In many cases, evacuees are living in rented premises, and certain chattels such as fishing nets were stored with the landlord and storage space be moved at the request of the landlord and storage space rented. Wherever possible, Japanese halls are being used. In many other cases, chattels had to be moved before evacuee owned buildings could be rented. The total expense indicated above does not include expenses incidental to the radios, cameras, motor vehicles and fishing boats. In so far as the motor vehicles are concerned, the disbursements incidental to their administration has been charged against the motor vehicles on a per unit basis.

5. INSURANCE

The problem involved here is whether or not fire insurance should be carried on property under the control of the Custodian. This is dealt with in my report dated December 23rd last to the Hon. Mr. McLarty, at Page 5, and I would refer you to Part 6 of the Brief. I understand that the Department of Justice have expressed the opinion that public liability insurance need not be carried.

6. LEGAL DIFFICULTIES.

This problem is referred to in my report to the Hon. Mr. McLarty dated December 23rd at Pages 9, 10 and 11, and I would also refer to my letter dated December 10th addressed to you.

Before leaving Vancouver, Mr. Collins, who had just arrived to take over the work of relocating the evacuees, called to see me and discuss in a general way, the question of making funds available for the maintenance of the evacuees from their own assets. Mr. Collins, having just arrived in Vancouver, did not wish to express any opinion until he had reviewed the entire situation, but it was agreed that the principal problem requiring a declaration of policy is whether or not the assets of evacuees are to be liquidated and the proceeds made available to them for their maintenance, with the result that they will live on their capital so long as funds are available.

A declaration on any or all of the above problems would, in my opinion, greatly facilitate the work of all departments involved in the evacuation problem.

*G. W. McPherson*  
G. W. McPHERSON.

that will meet the requirements of the law.  
No. 1658 and No. 1659 West 2nd Avenue. This place is boarded up

Evacuee Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



67-25(4)

MEMORANDUM OF MEETING HELD Friday, December 18th at  
10.45 a.m. to 12 noon at the City Hall with a Special  
Committee regarding Japanese Properties.

Present:

Alderman Buscombe - In the Chair  
Mr. Andrew Haggart - Representative of the Building Dept.  
Mr. Lord - Legal Department.  
Dr. Stewart Murray - Health Department.  
Mr. G.W. McPherson  
Mr. K.W. Wright  
Mr. F.G. Shears

Some members of the Press were present.

The Minutes of the previous Meeting held on September 1st were read in which reference was made, that at that time evacuation was not complete, and a decision was arrived at to hold any drastic action in abeyance and to meet at a later date. The present meeting was convened for this purpose.

Alderman Buscombe stated that he understood evacuation was now complete and that while housing conditions were serious, he thought it was desirable for Japanese houses to be used to relieve this condition. The question was whether such houses could be brought up to standard.

He stated that he understood that we were renting Japanese property through Real Estate Agents and asked if tenants were being placed in Japanese buildings without the knowledge of the City Council. He was informed that it was our policy to advise the tenant to contact City departments in regard to repairs which were necessary, and in some cases the cost of such repairs was allowed as a deduction from rents.

Alderman Buscombe asked whether if once the tenants were in possession they might then refuse to carry out these repairs. He was informed that our present policy was to have the tenant deposit funds with us to cover the repairs agreed upon as assurance that the mechanics liens would be paid.

Mr. Haggart stated that to bring many of the premises up to present standard would warrant the expense involved and that it would be false economy to do so. There was a Bye-law which provided that structural repairs would not be permitted if more than 30% of the assessed value of the property was required to be spent in bringing a property up to standard. Dr. Murray agreed with this and stated that many of the places were in terrible shape and at the present time they had placards on fourteen of them as "unfit for human habitation".

Alderman Buscombe referred to certain stores on Powell Street with windows boarded up and asked if any such stores could be used as dwelling places and he was informed that there were a number of cases where stores were now in use as dwellings.

Alderman Buscombe asked what our policy was regarding the disposal of Japanese property and could it not be sold in the same manner as the fishing vessels etc.

Mr. McPherson stated that this question involved a major policy. With regard to vessels, these were sold because they would quickly deteriorate and also because they were necessary to the fishing industry and that other items that had been sold were of a perishable

1942-1944  
Japanese Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



perishable nature, such as grocery stock etc. Mr. McPherson stated that an amount of enemy property was being sold but that it was not our policy to force liquidation with regard to evasue owned property.

A question was asked regarding the disposition of revenues from Japanese properties which were rented and we stated that, broadly speaking the interest on the mortgages was first paid, then taxes and insurance then creditors and the balance to the Japanese owner.

Mr. McPherson stated that it was not an easy matter to retain the Powell Street area as a commercial centre because while previously Japanese had used that as a shopping district, any new white tenants would be so likely to do so but in the main would use stores in other sections of the city.

The question was asked if a Japanese could re-lease and he was informed that he could not do so without our consent.

Mr. McPherson stated that in the Powell Street and adjacent area there were about 240 Japanese owned properties and that about 170 had already been rented or leased by this department.

Alderman Buscombe again stated that he thought it would be an excellent time to get rid of all Japanese properties and that he sincerely hoped that Japanese would not be allowed to return and Mr. McPherson intimated that this was of course a matter of general policy which was outside the jurisdiction of this local office and for the present we could only sell with the consent of the Japanese owner and that we were administering his property as Trustees.

The matter of small additions, woodsheds and shacks having been built by the Japanese was mentioned. Alderman Buscombe asked if there was any By-law giving their department authority that such additional buildings be removed. There seemed to be some doubt as to what authority the city had in regard to this matter. Apparently the standards required for the erection of new buildings could not be made retroactive.

Mr. McPherson asked if, in view of the fact that liquidation had been suggested by Alderman Buscombe, whether the Committee had any views as to what should be done to this area in the event of liquidation being made a Government policy, as he would like to know what they had in mind so that he might be in a position to make some statement on his return to Ottawa.

After some discussion it was suggested that in view of this district's proximity to waterfront and railway, that it should be made an industrial area.

The poor condition of many of the properties was again referred to and Mr. McPherson made it very plain that if the City authorities condemned any particular building, either on structural grounds or because of fire or health hazards, that our department would act on such authority. It was stated that this had already been done in some cases and the opinion was very freely expressed that the Custodian's office here had co-operated in a very fine manner.

In this connection Mr. Lord stated that it would be the policy to survey each place and if necessary establish their legal rights and report to us what was required to be done, and he felt sure that we would co-operate as we had already done in the past.

Alderman Buscombe asked whether it would not be possible for revenues from Japanese properties to be put in what he termed a "Jack pot" and poor properties renovated out of such funds. Mr. McPherson stated that it would not be possible to use the revenues from the property of one Japanese owner in order to repair poor property of another Japanese owner. Alderman Buscombe could not see why this could not be done and Mr. McPherson further pointed out

that will meet the requirements of the city.  
No. 1652 and No. 1658 West End Avenue. This place is boarded up

1942-1944  
Japanese After - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



67-25(4)

3.

that the matter would not be so simple as stated as among other things there would be the question of creditors of the Japanese whose revenues were being used for fixing up other Japanese property.

that will meet the requirements of the City.

No. 1656 and No. 1658 West End Avenue. This place is boarded up

because of the Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



67-25(4)

(Copy-F)

21st December 1942.

MEMORANDUM

October 16th, 1942.

TO: MR. G. W. McPHERSON  
FROM: MR. K. W. WRIGHT

Re: REAL ESTATE

Notices have been received from various Departments of the City of Vancouver relative to the condition of properties owned by Japanese internees and evacuees. In the majority of such cases we have little or no money, and in order to have first-hand information Messrs. Shears, Milsom, Messenger and the writer visited several places yesterday afternoon as follows:  
1810 Burrard Street: A large frame apartment on a lot approximately 150 ft. by 100 ft. - well located.

Notice was received from the City Electrician as follows:  
"I wish to draw your attention to my letter dated September 29th, 1942, re the defective electrical wiring in the above-mentioned building, and which to date has not received attention. You are hereby notified that unless the required application for a permit is filed in this office, and the work installed to the satisfaction of this Department, on or before the 20th day of October, 1942, we shall immediately take Police Court proceedings against you as provided for in the By-law."

This property is owned by a man in Japan and another Japanese whose whereabouts are unknown. The net receipts from May, 1942, to September, 1942 amounted to \$220.75. A general estimate of the probable cost furnished by the Canadian Credit Men's Trust Association Limited ranges from between \$500.00 to \$1,200.00. As such figures were not satisfactory, I asked Mr. Walker, Manager of Pemberton's, to recommend an electrical contractor and in accord with his advice will get an estimate from Lucas Electric Company. Evidently they are reasonable in their charges and reliable. We are trying to keep closer tabs on all such work instead of leaving these matters in the hands of agents. I anticipate no difficulty in arriving at an expenditure in keeping with our credit balance that will meet the requirements of the City.  
No. 1652 and No. 1656 West 2nd Avenue. This place is boarded up

because of the Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



21st December 1942.

- 2 -

from top to bottom and was opened with some difficulty. No. 1652 has been rented by Pemberton Realty Corporation and No. 1658 is vacant. A rear room is securely fastened and we are advised that groceries are stored there valued at \$2,000.00. These goods are owned by an evacuee and following examination will be sold. There are at least 40 rooms in this building and we used three searchlights while going through but could not find a bath. Some amusement was provided in the course of this inspection when the retired tenant of No. 1652, busily engaged rolling a cigarette, asked me to keep his wife in mind when the job of cleaning up next door was decided upon. Some men are still thoughtful of their wives. The building at the rear has been condemned and will be demolished. No. 1661 West 2nd Avenue has been condemned. There are eight suites and as a matter of interest when you visit the area, kindly notice our usual trespass sign and beside it the poster placed by the City condemning the premises. Several other buildings on this street believed to be owned by Japanese have been boarded up. No. 334 Fifth Avenue West. We next visited this address in response to a letter from the Chief Sanitary Inspector as follows: "The above premises have been inspected by the District Inspector and found to be badly infested with cockroaches." Will you have the necessary order given to clean up this condition. This matter is being attended to. 343 West 5th Avenue. Will you be good enough to look at 343 West 5th Avenue, just across the street from 334. A fire occurred there a couple of weeks ago and we have settled the damage at \$300.00. Unfortunately, the firemen arrived too soon and the building to the East remains standing untouched by fire and condemned. Your attention is drawn to numerous industries in this locality as it is our intention to advertise this property for sale. We have an idea that Bingham and Hobbs Equipment Company next door may be interested.

1942-1944  
Because of the Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



21st December 1942.

- 3 -

160 West 4th Avenue - the Okura Laundry. This was the next port of call. You are aware of the difficulties which we have met in this case due to lack of co-operation on the part of Mrs. Okura. She has carried on the business, including the operation of a laundry depot on Powell Street. We had a Chinaman interested and he made an excellent offer, but we could not guarantee peaceable possession. The wife of our internee and two grown-up daughters were determined to carry on pending evacuation and the policy of protection was applied to the Chinaman and local war averted by calling off the deal. Miss Okura informed us that they had not received notice of evacuation but on checking with R.C.M.P. today we find written orders were delivered several days ago, requiring them to leave on the 23rd instant.

The Okuras live in a house just around the corner from the laundry at No. 1934 Columbia Street and this will be rented. There are arrears of taxes on all these places.

711 Keefer Street was our next stop, and there is a cleaning and pressing plant at the rear and a store in front. Some of the rooms behind the store are now occupied by a tenant who took possession a couple of weeks ago. The present occupant pleaded with us for immediate possession regardless of the condition of the building, for the reason that his worldly goods and his family were all packed and parked on a truck with no shelter in sight and it was nearly six p.m. This man works in a shipyard and is doing minor repairs himself. He paid us three months' rent in advance in order to get this place. If you have time to walk down the lane, you will find proof that one half of the world does not know how the other half lives.

We drove from Keefer Street to Powell Street and if you go there you might read the signs posted by the B.C. Security Commission that all Japanese were required to register before 10 a.m. yesterday. The Registration Bureau was doing a thriving business when we called and it was nearly five p.m. I do not feel that there is any need to detail the arrangements made on Powell Street in regard to numerous rooming houses etc., as you

Residence Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



21st December 1942.

- 3 -

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Residence Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



67-25(4)

(Copy-FT)

21st December 1940

- 4 -

are familiar with a number of cases. We are making some progress with our problem there, and the City acknowledges that we are doing the best that may be expected under the circumstances.

I spent more than an hour with Mr. Jack Walker, Manager of Pemberton Realty Corporation, this afternoon and we discussed many real estate problems. Mr. Walker is recognized as one of the best real estate men in Vancouver, and we have had the benefit of his advice frequently. This is pointed out in order that you may know that we avoid snap decisions except in cases of emergency.

A meeting was held this morning in my office with Mr. Reid of the Municipal Building Department and Mr. Rogers of the Municipal Health Department. I quote Mr. Reid: "We sympathize with you. You have a collection of sub-standard buildings and the Government has no idea of the condition that these are in. We do not wish to add to your problems and are willing to co-operate, but remember Coroners' Juries are embarrassing."

An arrangement has been made whereby all applicants for leases on questionable properties will be sent by us to the City Hall in order that they may ascertain the requirements as to improvements. The properties will be rented "as is" on terms that tenants meet the City's demands regarding installation of baths etc. We will protect ourselves as to Mechanics' Liens by having deposited with us an amount sufficient to cover the expenditure. Accounts will be paid and payments credited to rent, and we hope in this way to at least meet the carrying charges.

On the subject of Baths, may I remind you that we have places on Powell Street and in other districts containing as high as 40 to 50 rooms without a bath of any description. The Jay had three Public Baths on Powell Street and they gathered their families and neighbors together and mixed bathing was the order of the day, with no thought of privacy. These places were gossip centres and is the answer to the question as to how they lived in congested quarters without thought of the convenience recognized as an absolute necessity by the white man.

Source: Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



67-25(4)  
DEPARTMENT OF  
PENSIONS AND NATIONAL HEALTH

(Copy-7T)

21st December 1942.

- 3 -

Cases will arise with only one course open, namely to demolish the buildings. Orders will be obeyed and application made in each case for reduced assessment. It is possible to arrange with contractors to do this work in return for the salvage and on more than one occasion, we have removed plumbing units and fixtures prior to the contractor taking over. Our work was made easier in a recent case when we found that already trespassers had loosened the fittings, and by taking them out around 8 o'clock in the evening the plans of the trespassers were upset. Their program probably called for removal around midnight.

We plan to forward copies of all notices received from the city to internees and evacuees, as they may be in a position to provide funds from sources unknown to us. If they fail and funds here are insufficient, there will be no ground for complaint. Permit me to assure you that we are doing everything possible to avoid future criticism from the City, the Jap owner and the man on the street.

K. W. WRIGHT

I concur

F. G. Shears.

Answer letter - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



DEPARTMENT OF  
PENSIONS AND NATIONAL HEALTH

67-25(4)

(Copy-FT)

21st December 1942.

Captain Godfrey,  
C. S. O. 3 - Camouflage,  
Pacific Command,  
Jericho,  
VANCOUVER, B.C.

Dear Sir:

Re: Japanese Nets.

Confirming our telephone conversation yesterday, we append summary of correspondence that has passed between us and Major Batten.

On September 15th Major Batten wrote to Mr. McPherson, advising that he had been informed by Ottawa that there were Japanese nets unsuitable for fishing purposes, which might be of use for camouflage. We acknowledged this letter on September 21st, discussed the question of suitable mesh measurement, and advised Major Batten that we would let him know as soon as possible what nets we would have available.

On November 1st Major Batten enquired if we had any news for him and on November 4th we replied that we had some old nets immediately available, with more to come. These could be inspected at any time by reference to Mr. C.C. Robinson - telephone: Stoveston 225.

Since that time we have practically completed the task of segregating and inventorying nets which can be used for fishing purposes. We have also quite a large quantity of nets that are too old for use in the fishing industry and of which we should like to dispose in the near future.

We should be very pleased to have you examine these latter at any time, and could make them available to you, if suitable, at the salvage price; this would be set by an independent appraiser and would be negligible.

Turning to nets which can still be used for fishing, we understand that you may also be interested in these. Without further instructions, we feel that these should not be released to you at less than the value set on them by an independent appraiser, on the assumption that they would be used for fishing. In this connection, however, any nets, that are at present sound and have not been disposed of by the middle of next year, would most likely never go into use for fishing purposes and could then perhaps be made available to you at reduced prices.

Finally, there are a large quantity of nets available at the Nanaimo Shipyards, and Mr. Wray of Messrs. Frederick Field & Co., can give you all information about this, should you be interested.

Yours truly,

H.F. Green,  
Protection Department.

HFG:GF

Re: Japanese Nets in B.C. 67-25(4)



67-25(4)

1/11037

67-25(A)



MINISTERS OFFICE  
RECEIVED

RECEIVED

67-25()

Ottawa, 23rd December, 1942

CONFIDENTIAL

My dear Colleague,-

My dear Colleague,

I am in receipt of your letter of the 18th instant.

With you that a letter of

the 18th instant.

I agree with you that a letter of appreciation should be sent, as suggested, to those who have carried out the very difficult work in connection with the evacuation of the Japanese, and I think also that your suggestion of a new Advisory Committee is a good one. I think the personnel you mention is all right. I do not see, however, why you could not retain Mr. Justice Farris, the Chief Justice of British Columbia, on that Advisory Committee. He is now completely out of politics and I think his inclusion would be of assistance to you, in addition to the members mentioned by yourself.

Yours sincerely,

The Honourable Humphrey Mitchell,  
Minister of Labour,  
O t t a w a.

✓

Japanese Note - Japanese in B.C. 67-85 (4)  
1942-1944



7/10

1/11/37

67-25(A)

to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the



Ottawa, December 18, 1942.

Honourable Ian A. MacKenzie,  
Minister of Pensions and National  
Health,  
Ottawa, Ontario.

My dear Colleague:

As you are perhaps aware, the British Columbia Security Commission is now being reorganized upon the successful completion of the initial stage of Japanese evacuation in accordance with its changed functions in the further stage of Japanese reallocation.

Mr. Austin Taylor considers that the usefulness of the British Columbia Security Commission Advisory Board is now over, and suggests that it be dissolved immediately. It is recommended that we send a letter of appreciation to each of the members informing them of the Committee's dissolution, and thanking them for their valuable advice and assistance during the last nine or ten months. Assistant Commissioner Mead also urges strongly that this action be taken.

I would appreciate an expression of opinion on this matter from you. My own inclination would be to let the Advisory Board remain if there was any chance that Mr. Collins, the new General Supervisor, would find them of any use.

We are proposing to have a standing Advisory Committee organized composed of:

Chairman - Mr. A. MacNamara,

Vice-Chairman - Mr. George Collins,

2/over

67-25(A)  
Japanese - Japanese in B.C.



7/10

1/11037

6725(4)

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the  
Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor  
General in Council, on the 3rd December, 1942.

PRIVY COUNCIL



MINISTERS OFFICE

MINISTERS OFFICE

- 2 -

Members - Mr. Austin Taylor,  
Assistant Commissioner Mead,  
Commissioner Blair,  
Dr. Lyall Hodgins,  
A nominee of the Labour Department,

A nominee of the Secretary of State,

A nominee of the Department of External Affairs,

A nominee of the British Columbia Government,

Two Japanese Canadians elected by all Japanese  
under control of the Commission.

Yours sincerely,

*Harry Mitchell*

Document Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



- 2 -

Members - Mr. Austin Taylor,  
Assistant Commissioner Head,  
Commissioner Shirras,  
Dr. Lyall Hodgins,  
A nominee of the Labour Department,  
A nominee of the Secretary of State,  
A nominee of the Department of External Affairs,  
A nominee of the British Columbia Government,  
A nominee of the Japanese Canadian Government,  
Two Japanese Canadians elected by all Japanese  
under control of the Commission.

Yours sincerely,

*Henry Mitchell*

7/10

1/11037

6725(A)

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the  
Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor  
General in Council, on the 3rd December, 1942.

PRIVY COUNCIL



Ottawa, November 27, 1942

AIRMAIL

DEPARTMENT OF  
PENSIONS AND NATIONAL HEALTH  
MINISTER'S OFFICE

MEMORANDUM:

Ottawa, December 9, 1942.

To - George Derby, Esquire  
c/o Mr. J. W. MacIsaac.

You will remember drafting a telegram  
which the Minister sent to the Minister of Labour  
from Vancouver.

I enclose herewith a copy of this  
telegram and of Mr. MacIsaac's reply, for your  
confidential information.

C. N. Senior  
Private Secretary.

5/1

Enclosure Order - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(A)



7/10

1/11037

67-25(4)

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the  
Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor  
General in Council, on the 3rd December, 1942.

PRIVY COUNCIL



Ottawa, November 27, 1942

AIRMAIL

Honourable Ian Mackenzie,  
Minister of Pensions and National Health,  
Vancouver, B.C.

Dear Mr. Mackenzie,-

The Honourable Mr. Mitchell has  
asked me to acknowledge your telegram of  
November 25 concerning supplementary maintenance  
allowances for Japanese families, and to advise  
you that it is hoped to settle this matter  
satisfactorily within a few days.

Yours very truly,

*A. MacNamara*  
Associate Deputy Minister  
(A. MacNamara)

67-25(4)  
Japanese Airline - Japanese in B.C.



P/10

1/11037

67-25(A)

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the  
Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor  
General in Council, on the 3rd December, 1942.

PRIVY COUNCIL



LABOUR

The Board had under consideration the following memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of Labour:

"The undersigned has the honour to refer to Orders in Council P.C. 1665 and 1666, dated March 4, 1942, setting forth regulations for the evacuation of persons of the Japanese race from the protected areas of British Columbia and appointing the British Columbia Security Commission.

The undersigned begs to recommend that Mr. George Collins, Assistant Deputy Minister of Public Works for the Province of Manitoba, be appointed General Supervisor of Japanese Evacuation and Maintenance and that he be paid a salary of \$5,800.00 per annum, effective from November 1, 1942, together with necessary moving expenses from Winnipeg to Vancouver.

The undersigned further recommends that the duties and functions of the British Columbia Security Commission, as set forth in Order in Council P.C. 1665 of March 4, 1942, be assumed by the General Supervisor of Japanese Evacuation and Maintenance and that the services of the Commissioners appointed by Order in Council P.C. 1666 of March 4, 1942, be terminated on a date to be agreed upon by the Minister of Labour and the Commissioners."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. P. Henry.  
Clerk of the Privy Council.

The Honourable Ian MacKenzie,  
Ottawa.

Japanese Evacuation - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(A)



DEPARTMENT OF  
PENSIONS AND NATIONAL HEALTH

VIA AIR MAIL MINISTER'S OFFICE Nov. 23, 1942.

Memorandum:

Dear Mr. Senior:

As Mr. Mackenzie may receive enquiries concerning the evacuation and re-allocation of Japanese from the restricted area of British Columbia, I am enclosing herewith report of the British Columbia Security Commission.

PACIFIC COAST  
31, 1942

program of evacuating  
restricted area of British  
Columbia of this date there  
are 105 Japanese T. B. Patients  
in our T. B. hospital  
in addition to our new

CANADIAN PACIFIC  
TELEGRAPHS

CLASS OF SERVICE

TIME FILED
CHECK

CONNECTIONS TO  
PARTS OF THE  
WORLD  
MESSAGES TO SHIPS

W. D. NEIL, General Manager of Communications, Montreal

B.C., 25th November, 1942

This is the wire Mr. Derby gave me on the phone. He asked that it be shown to Mr. Mackenzie before despatching.

After discussion with the Administrator of my Department who is acting on relief committee of BC Security Commission it is my opinion that instructions should be immediately issued to representatives of the Treasury to accept recommendation of authorized committee officials (Stop) Lack of instructions in this regard is hampering progress

Ian Mackenzie

Charge - Minister's Office,  
Dept. of Pensions & National Health,  
Ottawa, Ontario.

Transferring to logging camps some time within the next 30 or 60 days, leaving roughly 200 to carry on a road construction program in the area of Blue River. We understand that they will remain in this area all winter. It is important to note that the stretch of road on which they will be working is on the opposite side of the river from the Canadian National Railway.

Revelstoke-Sicamous - There are 344 Canadian born single Japanese located in this area. The Japanese swing crew that was transferred from this road project to the Vernon district in the Okanagan where they were harvesting apples has returned, the individuals of which it was composed going to their respective camps. We understand that the five road camps in this area will carry through all winter on a very important phase of highway construction. We anticipate sending to these camps a good many single Japanese from out of our interior housings in the very near

Japanese - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



DEPARTMENT OF  
PENSIONS AND NATIONAL HEALTH

VIA AIR MAIL MINISTER'S OFFICE Nov. 23, 1942.

PACIFIC COAST  
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CANADIAN PACIFIC  
TELEGRAPHS

MONEY TRANSFERRED BY  
TELEGRAPH TO PRINCIPAL  
POINTS IN CANADA AND  
THE UNITED STATES



CABLE CONNECTIONS TO  
ALL PARTS OF THE  
WORLD  
RADIOGRAMS TO SHIPS

W. D. NEIL, General Manager of Communications, Montreal

Vancouver, B.C., 25th November, 1942

The Hon. Humphrey Mitchell, M.P.,  
Minister of Labour,  
Ottawa, Ontario

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Ian Mackenzie

Charge - Minister's Office,  
Dept. of Pensions & National Health,  
Ottawa, Ontario.

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Enclosure After - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



[illegible]



From the French National Assembly:



Section 1

It is hereby declared that the purpose of this document is to provide information to the public regarding the activities of the Department of Defense in the area of defense research and development. This information is being provided to the public in order to ensure that the public is kept informed of the progress of the Department's activities in this area.

Section 2

The Department of Defense is committed to the principle of openness and transparency in its activities. It is committed to providing the public with the information it needs to understand the Department's activities and to make informed decisions about the Department's actions. This commitment is reflected in the Department's policy of providing the public with the information it needs to understand the Department's activities and to make informed decisions about the Department's actions.

Section 3

(a) The Department of Defense is committed to the principle of openness and transparency in its activities. It is committed to providing the public with the information it needs to understand the Department's activities and to make informed decisions about the Department's actions. This commitment is reflected in the Department's policy of providing the public with the information it needs to understand the Department's activities and to make informed decisions about the Department's actions.

(b) The Department of Defense is committed to the principle of openness and transparency in its activities. It is committed to providing the public with the information it needs to understand the Department's activities and to make informed decisions about the Department's actions. This commitment is reflected in the Department's policy of providing the public with the information it needs to understand the Department's activities and to make informed decisions about the Department's actions.

Section 4

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Section 5

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[illegible]



Steven Buchanan William Lee James Young James Young = R  
 June 4, 1914 - In this area, in these mountains, the  
 looking is in the past and complete and in this month we are just  
 finishing in the proofing of the balance of income. WILLIAM is very  
 far from the last families will be removed out of North Lake  
 house.



Japan - 5,000 people. There is a growing tendency and there are 222,000 people of such kind. The number of the people working in the agricultural sector is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the industrial sector. The number of people working in the service sector is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the service sector. The number of people working in the service sector is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the service sector.

(a) THE AGRICULTURAL SECTOR

In 1954, the Japanese Government decided to concentrate more on the agricultural sector. The number of people working in the agricultural sector is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the agricultural sector. The number of people working in the agricultural sector is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the agricultural sector.

(b) THE INDUSTRIAL SECTOR

The Japanese Government decided to concentrate more on the industrial sector. The number of people working in the industrial sector is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the industrial sector. The number of people working in the industrial sector is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the industrial sector.

(c) THE SERVICE SECTOR

The Japanese Government decided to concentrate more on the service sector. The number of people working in the service sector is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the service sector. The number of people working in the service sector is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the service sector.

(d) THE AGRICULTURAL SECTOR

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(e) THE INDUSTRIAL SECTOR

The Japanese Government decided to concentrate more on the industrial sector. The number of people working in the industrial sector is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the industrial sector. The number of people working in the industrial sector is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the industrial sector.

Domestic officials have made arrangements to interview the Japanese and explain to them that production is available in the domestic market. The number of people working in the domestic market is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the domestic market. The number of people working in the domestic market is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the domestic market.

CONCLUSION AND COMMENT

It is recognized that Japanese officials represent just another step in education and further steps will be taken this coming winter towards sending family groups to the other countries of Canada, wherever they are engaged in suitable industry. The number of people working in the other countries of Canada is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the other countries of Canada. The number of people working in the other countries of Canada is increasing and there are 222,000 people in the other countries of Canada.



PROGRESS MADE

As at October 31, 1942, the following number of individuals had been evacuated, or were under supervision.

ROAD CAMP PROJECTS:

Blue River-Yellowhead  
Revelstoke-Sicamous  
Hope-Princeton  
Schreiber  
Black

293  
244  
295  
27  
27 .... 986

SUGAR BEET PROJECTS:

Alberta  
Manitoba  
Ontario

2,585  
1,053  
350 ... 3,988

INTERIOR HOUSING PROJECTS:

Greenwood  
Slocan  
Sendon  
Kaslo  
Hope 14 Mile Ranch (Tashme)  
New Denver

1,171  
4,776  
931  
978  
2,584  
1,524 .. 11,964

SELF-SUPPORTING PROJECTS:

Christina Lake  
Bridge River  
Minto City  
Lillooet  
McGillivray Falls  
Assiniboia  
Swing Crew (Okanagan)

109  
269  
322  
309  
70  
19  
63 ... 1,161

INDUSTRIAL PROJECTS:

Ontario Industries  
Westwood, B. C.  
Taylor Lake, B. C.  
Miscellaneous

79  
77  
178  
97 ..... 431

SPECIAL PERMITS TO APPROVED EMPLOYMENT:

British Columbia  
Alberta  
Saskatchewan  
Manitoba  
Ontario  
Quebec  
Yukon Territory

916  
90  
13  
26  
243  
48  
1 ... 1,337..  
19,867

EVACUATED VOLUNTARILY PRIOR TO MARCH/42

579

REPATRIATED TO JAPAN:

42

INTERMENT CAMPS:

699

IN DETENTION, VANCOUVER:

57

HASTINGS PARK (T.B. HOSPITAL awaiting transfer to New Denver Hospital)

105 ... 1,482..  
21,349



ONE SIGNED COPY ONLY OF THIS MESSAGE TO BE DELIVERED TO ROOM 309 — EAST BLOCK

IMMEDIATE ( )  
CYPHER ( )  
EN CLAIR ( )

# TELETYPE MESSAGE

File No. ....

No. *EK-2688*

To: THE CANADIAN MINISTER - WASHINGTON

B.F. Nov. 23/42

D/F

November 18, 1942.

Dear Mr. Greene:

In the absence of Mr. Mackenzie, I have your Minister's letter of the 16th instant, enclosing the report of the British Columbia Security Commission on evacuation and re-allocation of Japanese from the restricted area of British Columbia, as at October 31, 1942.

I shall be pleased to bring this to Mr. Mackenzie's attention upon his return.

Yours very truly,

(Miss) A. Dixon,  
Associate Private Secretary,

Geo. C. Greene, Esq.,  
Private Secretary to the  
Minister of Labour,  
OTTAWA.

*67-25(4)*

*Japanese After - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)*



MINISTER OF LABOUR  
ONE SIGNED COPY ONLY OF THIS MESSAGE TO BE DELIVERED TO ROOM 309 — EAST BLOCK

IMMEDIATE ( )  
CYPHER ( )  
EN CLAIR ( )

### TELETYPE MESSAGE

File No. ....

No. *EX-2658*

To: THE CANADIAN MINISTER - WASHINGTON

From: THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR EXTERNAL AFFAIRS - OTTAWA

PLEASE USE DOUBLE SPACING WHEN TYPING THE MESSAGE BELOW



Ottawa, November 16, 1942

Honourable Ian A. Mackenzie,  
Minister of Pensions and National Health,  
O t t a w a.

My dear Colleague,

Enclosed herewith for your  
information is the Report of the British  
Columbia Security Commission on evacuation  
and re-allocation of Japanese from the  
restricted area of British Columbia, as at  
October 31, 1942.

Yours sincerely,

*Harry Fox Smith*

✓



MINISTER OF LABOUR  
COPIES

ONE SIGNED COPY ONLY OF THIS MESSAGE TO BE DELIVERED TO ROOM 309 — EAST BLOCK

IMMEDIATE ( )  
CYPHER ( )  
EN CLAIR ( )

# TELETYPE MESSAGE

File No. ....

No. EX-2658

To: THE CANADIAN MINISTER - WASHINGTON

From: THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR EXTERNAL AFFAIRS - OTTAWA

PLEASE USE DOUBLE SPACING WHEN TYPING THE MESSAGE BELOW

Begins:

From

Following for

My teletype 2658 of October 26th.

Stauber.

Chairman of British Columbia Security  
Commission, Austin Taylor, suggests that he be  
advised at least a week or ten days in advance  
Stauber's arrival. *Probably*

DEPARTMENT OF  
PENSIONS AND NATIONAL HEALTH  
DEPUTY MINISTER'S OFFICE

Memorandum to: Miss A. Dixon,  
Assoc. Private Secretary to the  
Honorable the Minister.

*67-25(4)*  
*24 10/42*

Ottawa 06 OCT 1942

Ends.

(If further space is required please use a second page)

Local 5503

Date Oct. 26, 1942 Room No. 129

Bldg East Block

Authority

(Signature of person authorizing message)

Name of Sender H.F. ABEUS  
(Type name)



ONE SIGNED COPY ONLY OF THIS MESSAGE TO BE DELIVERED TO ROOM 309 — EAST BLOCK

# TELETYPE MESSAGE

IMMEDIATE ( )  
CYPHER ( )  
EN CLAIR ( )

File No. ....

No. EX-2658

To: THE CANADIAN MINISTER - WASHINGTON

From: THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR EXTERNAL AFFAIRS - OTTAWA

PLEASE QUOTE:

By direction of the Secretary of State for External Affairs  
the attached TELETYPE No. EX-2688 of October 28, 1942  
to the Canadian Minister in Washington  
is referred to the Minister of Pensions and National Health  
**FOR RECORD**

Referred also to:  
Labour  
R.C.M.P.

N. A. ROBERTSON

Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs

Ottawa, October 28, 1942 HPA/ML

cover the ground thoroughly. Headquarters of  
Security Commission are in Vancouver.

Ends.

(If further space is required please use a second page)

Local 5303

Date Oct. 28, 1942 Room No. 129

Bldg. East Block

Authority

(Signature of person authorizing message)

Name of Sender H. F. ALEXIS  
(Type name)



ONE SIGNED COPY ONLY OF THIS MESSAGE TO BE DELIVERED TO ROOM 309 — EAST BLOCK

# TELETYPE MESSAGE

IMMEDIATE ( )  
CYPHER ( )  
EN CLAIR ( )

File No. \_\_\_\_\_

No. EX-2658

To: THE CANADIAN MINISTER - WASHINGTON

From: THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR EXTERNAL AFFAIRS - OTTAWA

PLEASE USE DOUBLE SPACING WHEN TYPING THE MESSAGE BELOW

Begins:

From

Following for

My teletype 2658 of October 26th.

Stauber.

Chairman of British Columbia Security Commission, Austin Taylor, suggests that he be advised at least a week or ten days in advance of Stauber's arrival. Probably no such notice can be given but it will be useful if the notice can be made as ample as possible and can include information as to party which will accompany Stauber. Ten days should be allowed for the visit itself if it is intended to cover the ground thoroughly. Headquarters of Security Commission are in Vancouver.

Ends.

(If further space is required please use a second page)

Local 5503

Date Oct. 28, 1942 Room No. 129

Bldg East Block

Authority

(Signature of person authorizing message)

Name of Sender H.F. ARENS  
(Typewritten)



DEPARTMENT OF  
PENSIONS AND NATIONAL HEALTH  
DEPUTY MINISTER'S OFFICE

Memorandum to: Miss A. Dixon,  
Assoc. Private Secretary to the  
Honorable the Minister.

RECEIVED  
OCT 28 1942

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NA

ate for External Affairs

Mr. Stauber's visit to the Pacific area. A visit from Mr. Stauber to Canadian centres concerned with the Japanese programme would be most welcome. Mr. Stauber should get in touch with Mr. Austin Taylor, Chairman of the British Columbia Securing Commission, whom we are advising of the proposed visit. It will be greatly appreciated if Mr. Stauber can conclude his tour by visiting Ottawa as his observations will be of great value to the authorities here.

Ends.

(If further space is required please use a second page)

Date October 25/42 Room No. 129 Bldg. East Block Local 5303

Name of Sender H.F. Angus Authority \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type/print)



RECEIVED  
OCT 28 1942  
HEALTH  
REGISTER

By direction of the Secretary of State for External Affairs  
teletype No. EX-2658 of Oct. 26, 1942  
the attached telegram No. Oct. 26,  
Telegram--British Columbia Security Commission Vancouver  
teletype--The Canadian Minister in the United States  
is referred to the Minister of Pensions & National Health

FOR RECORD

Referred also to:  
Dept. of Labour  
Royal Canadian Mounted Police

Ottawa Oct. 27, 194 2. HFA/AG Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs

XX  
Mr. Stauber's visit to the Pacific area. A visit from Mr. Stauber to Canadian centres concerned with the Japanese programme would be most welcome. Mr. Stauber should get in touch with Mr. Austin Taylor, Chairman of the British Columbia Security Commission, whom we are advising of the proposed visit. It will be greatly appreciated if Mr. Stauber can conclude his tour by visiting Ottawa as his observations will be of great value to the authorities here.

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Date October 26/42 Room No. 129 Bldg. East Block Local 5305  
Name of Sender H.F. ARDUS Authority (Signature of person authorizing message)  
(Typewritten)



ONLY OF THIS MESSAGE TO BE DELIVERED TO ROOM 309 — EAST BLOCK

**TELETYPE MESSAGE**

IMMEDIATE ( )  
CYPHER ( )  
EN CLAIR ( )

File No.....

No. EX-2658

To: THE CANADIAN MINISTER - WASHINGTON

To: THE CANADIAN MINISTER - WASHINGTON  
From: THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR EXTERNAL AFFAIRS - OTTAWA

PLEASE USE DOUBLE SPACING WHEN TYPING THE MESSAGE BELOW

Following for

From

**Begins:**

Your teletype 2361 of October the 13th,  
and your letter of October the 16th, concerning  
Mr. Stauber's visit to the Pacific area. A  
visit from Mr. Stauber to Canadian centres concerned  
with the Japanese programme would be most welcome.  
Mr. Stauber should get in touch with Mr. Austin  
Taylor, Chairman of the British Columbia Securing  
Commission, whom we are advising of the proposed  
visit. It will be greatly appreciated if Mr. Stauber  
can conclude his tour by visiting Ottawa as his  
observations will be of great value to the authorities  
here.

Ends.

(if further space is required please use a second page)

Date October 26/42 Room No. 129 Bldg. East Block

Local.....5500

Name of Sender H.F. AMOS  
(Typewritten)

### Authority

(Signature of person authorizing message)



# CANADIAN PACIFIC TELEGRAPHS

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Full Rate	
Day Letter	
Night Message	
Night Letter	

Please mark an X opposite the class of service desired.

MONEY TRANSFERRED BY  
TELEGRAPH TO PRINCIPAL  
POINTS IN CANADA AND  
THE UNITED STATES



CABLE CONNECTIONS TO  
ALL PARTS OF THE  
WORLD  
RADIOGRAMS TO SHIPS

W. D. NEIL, General Manager of Communications, Montreal

TIME FILED
CHECK

Send the following message, subject to the conditions on the back thereof, which are hereby agreed to.

October 26, 1945.

Austin Taylor, Esquire,  
Chairman,  
British Columbia Security Commission,  
Marine Building,  
VANCOUVER, B.C.

A request has been received from Mr. Stauber of the War Relocation Authority in the United States for permission to visit Canadian centres and discuss problems of mutual interest with the officials of the Canadian Government concerned with the Japanese evacuation programme. Mr. Stauber has been advised that his visit will be welcome and has been asked to get in touch with you in the first instance. It has been suggested that he should conclude his tour by a visit to Ottawa where his

(over)

Charge to: Department of External Affairs.

(sgd.) L. B. Pearson

N. A. Robertson, Esq.,  
Under-Secretary of State,  
for External Affairs,  
Ottawa, Canada.

Sincerely yours,  
(sgd.) B. R. Stauber  
Relocation Planning Officer

Because Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25 (4)



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MONEY TRANSFERRED BY  
TELEGRAPH TO PRINCIPAL  
POINTS IN CANADA AND  
THE UNITED STATES



CABLE CONNECTIONS TO  
ALL PARTS OF THE  
WORLD  
RADIOGRAMS TO SHIPS

TIME FILED
CHECK

W. D. NEIL, General Manager of Communications, Montreal

Send the following message, subject to the conditions on the back thereof, which are hereby agreed to.

- 2 -

observations will be of great value to the Government departments concerned. It will be appreciated if you can give Mr. Stauber any help in your power.

Under Secretary of State for External  
Affairs.

connected with the following: ~~the~~ use of automatic police protection, etc.

There are no other aspects of the law provision for the release of the person which conflict with their concerns in the case of N. A. Robertson, Esq., as it would be possible to arrange for Under-Secretary of State, Relations, including the visit with the External Affairs, to discuss problems of mutual interest in Ottawa, Canada. ~~Government~~ ~~Minister~~ with the Justice Minister.

✓



Memorandum to: Miss A. Dixon,  
Assoc. Private Secretary to the  
Honorable the Minister.

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in the Pacific area. I would however appreciate very much being informed as soon as possible whether it would be agreeable for the competent Canadian authorities if a member of the War Relocation Authority of Washington could get in touch with them to discuss problems of mutual interest and visit certain centres to which Japanese have been taken from the Pacific Coast area.

Yours sincerely,

(sgd.) L. B. Pearson

N. A. Robertson, Esq.,  
Under-Secretary of State  
for External Affairs,  
Ottawa, Canada.

I would appreciate whatever information you can make available in answer to the questions I have submitted above, and would also appreciate your views as to the desirability of representatives of this Authority visiting some of the Canadian centers.

Sincerely yours,

(sgd.) B. R. Stauber  
Relocation Planning Officer

Minister of Labour, Ontario

Japanese (Ostre - Japanese in B.C. 67-25 (4)  
1942-1944







CANADIAN LEGATION  
WASHINGTON

October 16, 1942.

Dear Mr. Robertson:

With reference to the Legation's teletype WA-2951 of October 13, 1942 concerning a request of the War Relocation Authority to secure some information concerning the treatment of Japanese and their evacuation from the Pacific area in Canada, I am enclosing herewith copies of a letter received from Mr. Stauber of the War Relocation Authority dated October 13, 1942 stating in detail what his organization would like to get.

The enclosed communication is self-explanatory. May I refer however to the penultimate paragraph in which Mr. Stauber states that "there are so many aspects of our own program for the relocation of Japanese evacuees which doubtless have their counterpart in the Canadian program that I wonder if it would be possible to arrange for a representative of the War Relocation Authority to visit some of the Canadian centers and discuss problems of mutual interest with officials of the Canadian Government concerned with the Japanese program." I understand that Mr. Stauber left Washington after writing this letter for a survey of various points in the Pacific area. I would however appreciate very much being informed as soon as possible whether it would be agreeable for the competent Canadian authorities if a member of the War Relocation Authority of Washington could get in touch with them to discuss problems of mutual interest and visit certain centres to which Japanese have been taken from the Pacific Coast area.

Yours sincerely,

(sgd.) L. B. Pearson

N. A. Robertson, Esq.,  
Under-Secretary of State  
for External Affairs,  
Ottawa, Canada.

There are so many aspects of our own program for the relocation of Japanese evacuees which doubtless have their counterpart in the Canadian program that I wonder if it would be possible to arrange for a representative of the War Relocation Authority to visit some of the Canadian centers and discuss problems of mutual interest with officials of the Canadian Government concerned with the Japanese program.

I would appreciate whatever information you can make available in answer to the questions I have submitted above, and would also appreciate your views as to the desirability of representatives of this Authority visiting some of the Canadian centers.

Sincerely yours,

(sgd.) B. R. Stauber  
Relocation Planning Officer

George Brown, Esq.,  
Private Secretary to the  
Minister of Labour,  
Ottawa, Ontario.

War Relocation Authority - Japanese in B.C. 67-25 (4)



WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY  
WASHINGTON

October 13, 1948.

Mr. Hector Allard  
Secretary, Canadian Legation  
1746 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Allard:

Some time ago you very kindly sent to me a memorandum covering Japanese movement from the Canadian West Coast. This report has been read by several members of our staff and was very helpful to us. A number of questions have since arisen, and if you can supply us with any more information in this connection, I would be very grateful.

Would it be possible to secure at some convenient interval, say quarterly, statistical tabulations on the number of evacuees going into different types of activity as for example, private employment on farms, private employment in industry or in war work. The report you made available to us indicated that 862 evacuees had, as of the date of the report, already been placed in private employment. This suggests that quite a large number may eventually be employed in this way.

In our own program a large number of questions have arisen as to the best methods of proceeding, and these prompt an inquiry as to your experience. Typical questions include the following:

What methods are used in placing individuals under permit, that is, what kind of investigation is made of the applicant, the employer, and the community? Is permission asked of the local community? Are sponsors, such as religious organizations used? What agency handles the finding of jobs and the acceptance of permits? Are prevailing wages paid? Are any conditions required of employers as a condition of securing evacuee labor? What wages are paid on road camp projects? What type of arrangement is contemplated for the 3,125 sugar beet workers during the winter? Is this a form of semi-permanent private placement, or will evacuees be brought back to camps for the winter? What is the character of the self-supporting projects? Are these merely places to live, or are they private resettlement ventures involving the purchase or leasing of land? If they are of the latter type, what provisions are made with the provincial governments and local communities in connection with their establishment, maintenance, payment of taxes, use of schools, police protection, etc.

There are so many aspects of our own program for the relocation of Japanese evacuees which doubtless have their counterpart in the Canadian program that I wonder if it would be possible to arrange for a representative of the War Relocation Authority to visit some of the Canadian centers and discuss problems of mutual interest with officials of the Canadian Government concerned with the Japanese program.

I would appreciate whatever information you can make available in answer to the questions I have submitted above, and would also appreciate your views as to the desirability of representatives of this Authority visiting some of the Canadian centers.

Sincerely yours,

(sgd.) B. R. Stauber  
Relocation Planning Officer  
Associate Public Secretary  
Private Secretary  
Minister of Labour  
Ottawa, Ontario

employment on public works such as roads,  
or other similar work.

XX

CLASS OF SERVICE  
The following is a list of the names of the persons who are members of the War Relocation Authority, as of October 1, 1948.

CLASS OF SERVICE

The following is a list of the names of the persons who are members of the War Relocation Authority, as of October 1, 1948.

The following is a list of the names of the persons who are members of the War Relocation Authority, as of October 1, 1948.

D. E. HOFFMAN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

F. H. GORDON, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

H. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

J. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

K. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

L. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

M. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

N. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

O. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

P. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

Q. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

R. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

S. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

T. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

U. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

V. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

W. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

X. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

Y. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.

Z. H. BROWN, Assistant Manager, Montreal, Que.





Ottawa, October 12, 1942

Honourable Ian Mackenzie,  
Minister of Pensions and National Health,  
Ottawa.

My dear Colleague,-

I am enclosing the report of the British

*Pa Br. 19.10.42*  
*67-25(4)*

October 14, 1942.

Dear Mr. Green,-

In the absence of Mr. Mackenzie, I  
have your Minister's letter of the 12th  
instant enclosing a report of the British  
Columbia Security Commission on evacuation  
and re-allocation of persons of the Japanese  
race from the restricted area, as at September  
30, 1942.

The contents have been carefully noted  
and will be brought to Mr. Mackenzie's attention  
upon his return.

Yours very truly,

(Miss) A. Dixon  
Associate Private Secretary.

*g.*

George Greene, Esquire,  
Private Secretary to the  
Minister of Labour,  
Ottawa, Ontario.

DGM

*Japanese Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)*





Ottawa, October 12, 1942



Honourable Ian Mackenzie,  
Minister of Pensions and National Health,  
Ottawa.

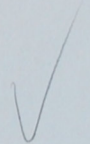
My dear Colleague,-

I am enclosing the report of the British Columbia Security Commission on evacuation and re-allocation of persons of the Japanese race from the restricted area, as at September 30, 1942, and also a photograph which will give you some idea of the type of housing being erected for the Japanese on the Interior Housing Scheme.

You will observe that satisfactory progress is being made.

Yours very truly,

Enc.



Revelstoke-Sicamous project has 304 Canadian single Japanese as of this date, and there have been approximately 100 others transferred down to Vernon as an apple picking swing crew. These will be returned to their road camps on the Revelstoke-Sicamous about the middle of October when the apple picking has been completed. We expect that there will be approximately 400 Japanese Canadian boys stop in these road camp housings throughout this coming winter.

Hope-Princeton road camp projects as of September 30th held 306 Japanese. There are 98 married males in the two road camps, Hope 11 and Hope 15, and 214 single nationals on the Princeton end of this highway located in three camps. These single men will stay in these

1942-1944  
Revelstoke-Sicamous - Japanese in B.C. 67-25 (4)





Revelstoke-Sicamous project has 304 Canadian single Japanese as of this date, and there have been approximately 100 others transferred down to Vernon as an apple picking swing crew. These will be returned to their road camps on the Revelstoke-Sicamous about the middle of October when the apple picking has been completed. We expect that there will be approximately 400 Japanese Canadian boys stop in these road camp housings throughout this coming winter.

Hope-Princeton road camp projects as of September 30th held 306 Japanese. There are 92 married males in the two road camps, Hope 11 and Hope 15, and 214 single nationals on the Princeton end of this highway located in three camps. These single men will stay in these

Revelstoke-Sicamous - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



JAPANESE MOVEMENT - PACIFIC COAST  
(Period ending September 30, 1942)

1. Total Number of Japanese Resident in Canada as at September 30th, 1942:

The current R.C.M.P. records would indicate that there are a total of 23,546 resident in Canada of which 21,349 formerly lived in the restricted area. We have evacuated 19,227 Japanese, according to the attached statistical report, which leaves 2,122 in the restricted area.

2. Estimated Number of Japanese in Pacific Coast Defence Area (as at September 30, 1942) yet to be evacuated:

Total Individuals (Males, Females and Children):	2,122,
broken down as follows:	
City of Vancouver.....	1,646;
Fraser Valley.....	400
Hastings Park Clearing Station T.B. Hospital...	76.

3. Progress:

(a) HASTINGS PARK:

During the month of September we completely evacuated the Japanese out of the Hastings Park Manning Pool and there remains at this location now only 76 Japanese T.B. patients. These will remain in our T.B. hospital at Hastings Park completely isolated from the rest of the Park by high board fence until such time as our T.B. hospital has been completed at New Denver. We expect that this hospital will be completed in six to eight weeks. We have a small Japanese staff and a few white employees looking after these patients.

The rest of the Hastings Park project has been turned over to the army officials and we wish to report harmony in the transfer of buildings and equipment. As of this date there are just a few minor transfers to be completed and we anticipate having receipts of transfer in our possession within the next couple of days.

(b) ROAD CAMP PROJECTS:

As of this date we have a total of 974 Japanese located at road camps. The Blue River-Yellowhead shows 295. These are all single nationals and grouped into larger community camps tributary to the Blue River and of this area, to complete a stretch of road that was still very rough. We believe that these Japanese will stay at these camps throughout the winter.

Revelstoke-Sicamous project has 304 Canadian single Japanese as of this date, and there have been approximately 100 others transferred down to Vernon as an apple picking swing crew. These will be returned to their road camps on the Revelstoke-Sicamous about the middle of October when the apple picking has been completed. We expect that there will be approximately 400 Japanese Canadian boys stop in these road camp housings throughout this coming winter.

Hope-Princeton road camp projects as of September 30th held 306 Japanese. There are 92 married males in the two road camps, Hope 11 and Hope 15, and 214 single nationals on the Princeton end of this highway located in three camps. These single men will stay in these

Japanese (After - Japanese in B.C. 17-25 (4)



road camps throughout the winter but the 92 married men from the Hope end will be permitted to stay with their families at Tashme after further work on the highway is impossible due to weather conditions later on this Fall or early winter.

At Schreiber road camp there are now 69, the majority of whom are single Canadians. We are of the opinion that a good many of the Japanese who are now located on the sugar beet project in western Ontario will go back up to Schreiber for the winter.

On the whole there is very little trouble with the Japanese working in road camps and we feel that they will be reasonably content to stay at these road camps all winter. Just as soon as our construction work is complete at our interior housings we will send out of these housings all single Japanese to road camps and this number will swell the total already in road camps by possibly another 100.

(c) SUGAR BEET PROJECTS:

In the sugar beet projects there are 3,982 Japanese engaged as of September 30th

- Alberta	2,578
Manitoba	1,053
Ontario	351....3,982.

These Japanese families are truly the self-supporting groups and we feel that 90 per cent of them at least will have earned sufficient to carry them through the winter season without maintenance. The other 10 per cent will in all probability require maintenance. Due partially to favorable weather and growing conditions and partially to the intensive agricultural training of these Japanese the sugar beet crops, this year, particularly in Manitoba and Alberta, will be the largest on record. This is a very happy condition and we trust that next year there will be an increased demand for agricultural Japanese families to go forward to these projects.

The winterization of Japanese houses in Manitoba and Alberta is being rushed to completion. We are satisfied that there will be no hardships due to lack of proper housing in either of these Provinces this coming winter. We are carrying on at this moment an intensive survey, not only through our own Commission staff but through the cooperation of the sugar beet companies, to see that this winterizing program is fulfilled. There is still some resistance from the larger urban centres in Alberta and Manitoba against the Japanese living in these centres and this prohibits the possibility of Japanese acquiring additional income this coming winter through industrial activities in these centres.

We trust that we will be able to find supplementary occupations for those Japanese families who wish to work during the long winter months on the prairies, and thus eliminate the necessity of maintenance.

(d) INTERIOR HOUSING PROJECTS:

We now have 1130 Japanese at Greenwood. There will be possibly another 50 husbands of families (already located at this point) go in to be reunited with their

Japanese (after - Japanese in B.C. 17-25 (4)



families within the next 30 days. Everything is running very smoothly at this point.

Kaslo has 970. There will be a few husbands reunited with their families there shortly. Everything is working very smoothly.

Sandon has 923. We do not plan to send any more Japanese into Sandon and there is a possibility that we may, within a short time, thin this town out by 75 or 100 Japanese.

Slocan has 4,128 Japanese and this includes Slocan Extension comprised of Lemon Creek and Perry Siding, or, as we call these two points, the Popoff farm and the Kennedy farm. Our construction program is rapidly being completed and we expect to place in there another 700 Japanese.

In New Denver-Roseberry area there are now 1,302. We are building a few more houses at this point and expect to put in another 300. At the moment we have possibly 300 Japanese individuals and families in tents in the New Denver-Slocan areas but they will all be transferred to houses before the 15th of October.

At 14 Mile Ranch (Tashme) we now have 2,100 Japanese and expect to transfer another 1,000 out of the city of Vancouver and the Fraser Valley to this point. Our housing is rapidly being completed and, apart from our hospital at Tashme, will be completed before the end of October.

(c) SELF-SUPPORTING PROJECTS:

There has been very little change in these figures since our last report. We have now 1,190 people in this group and this includes 102 transferred temporarily from the road camps at Revelstoke-Sicamous on an apple picking swing crew to Vernon. We have no trouble with these self-supporting projects. They move along very smoothly and we hear very little from them.

(f) INDUSTRIAL PROJECTS:

We now have 399 Japanese in these projects and apart from Taylor Lake they remain about the same as before. We now have 163 at Taylor Lake. These Japanese are very happy cutting pulp wood and we are assured that they will be kept there for a number of years.

We rather expect that this industrial phase of Japanese occupation will be augmented very materially this coming winter when the local antagonism has been broken down and the demand for labor becomes more acute. The Japanese are only too willing to work at any industrial activity providing their surroundings can be made reasonably comfortable and providing the white people in the respective communities do not make life too unpleasant for them.

(g) SPECIAL PERMITS TO APPROVED EMPLOYMENT:

There are 1265 in this group and this is approximately the same number as in our last progress report. These special permits, as you know, were arranged for Japanese to take up employment outside the restricted area and are scattered all the way back from the interior of

Japanese Office - Japanese in B.C. 17-25 (4)



British Columbia to the Province of Quebec on farm placements, domestic service, small industry, to join Japanese families who have been located in these other areas for many years, and so on. These are all self-supporting people. Apart from keeping the R.C.M.P. record of their location we have little contact with them.

(h) REPATRIATION OF JAPANESE TO JAPAN:

Forty-two have been repatriated and we expect that during the month of October there will be another group repatriated. At the moment we do not know how many but possibly less than 50.

(i) INTERMENT CAMPS:

There are now 699 Japanese in internment and this number is very slightly on the increase. There are still a few Japanese who feel that they will be better treated in internment than they will be at any of our projects and there are others who demand internment feeling that they are making a sacrifice and will be upheld by their fellow Japanese for so doing.

As of September 30th we have 17 in detention in the Immigration Building, Vancouver, waiting for transfer back to internment camp.

(j) T.B. PATIENTS:

As mentioned above, we now have 76 Japanese T.B. patients at Hastings Park Clearing Station.

(k) CONCLUSION OF EVACUATION:

Finally, we are confident that we will have all Japanese out of the Coastal restricted area before the end of October. This whole area will then be prohibited to the Japanese.

There is a similar area in the vicinity of Creston and Cranbrook in which there are possibly six Japanese families that will have to be evacuated. This area is being prohibited to Japanese due to the activities at Kimberley, B.C.

Vancouver, B. C.  
October 5, 1942.

Vancouver Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25 (4)



PROGRESS MADE.

As at September 30th, 1942, the following number of individuals had been evacuated, or were under supervision outside the restricted areas.

Road Camp Projects:

Blue River-Yellowhead	295
Revelstoke-Sicamous	304
Hope-Princeton	306
Schreiber	69..... 974

Sugar Beet Projects:

Alberta	2,578
Manitoba	1,053
Ontario	351....3,982

Interior Housing Projects:

Greenwood	1,130
Slocan	4,128
Sandon	923
Kaslo	970
Hope 14 Mile Ranch	2,110
New Denver	1,302...10,563

Self-Supporting Projects:

Christina Lake	104
Bridge River	268
Minto City	324
Lillooet	304
McGillivray Falls	69
Assiniboia	19
Swing Crow (apple picking, Vernon)	102....1,190

Industrial Projects:

Ontario industries	64
Westfold, B. C.	76
Taylor Lake, B. C.	163
Miscellaneous	96.....399

Special Permits to Approved Employment:

British Columbia	911
Alberta	85
Saskatchewan	10
Manitoba	22
Ontario	214
Quebec	48
Yukon Territory	1....1,285

Repatriated to Japan:

42.....42

Internment Camps:

699.....699

In detention, Immigration Building,  
Vancouver

17..... 17

In Hastings Park Clearing Station

76..... 76

TOTAL..... 19,887

1942-1944  
Vancouver Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-85 (45)



Sept. 10, 1942.

COPY

I have just returned from a trip thru the Blocan, principally to get some sort of an idea as to what the Jap influx looked like. Well, altogether it is a rather wonderful experiment once can only hope will come out O.K. At this time of year it looks pretty good but what it will be like when the wet and cold weather comes heaven only knows. One thing that struck me was the fact that practically every agent or an auto salesman out of a job so it looks as if the evacuation helped a lot besides protecting dear Vancouver and giving some bargain in goods, real estate, boats, etc. Another striking thing was the fact that every one I met was either an Englishman, gray slacks, blue coat and pipe, or Englishwoman, all telling how the peerage came into the family. Are all the Canadians doing war work or serving? On the whole the Japs seemed to be acting very well indeed taking it with a smile. So many have lost everything and many of these have always figured themselves as Canadians. Why, many cannot speak Japanese. They cannot figure out, nor can many others figure out, why Italians, many not naturalized, are allowed to go where they please even work in war plants. They cannot figure out why Germans are allowed to roam the country on medicine wagons (nor can others beside Japs understand why.) Perhaps industry likes its loyal Italian workmen. The Blocaners cannot get thru their head why an American in Silverton, backed by a bunch of Swede miners, should refuse to allow the Commission to rent vacant buildings in that town. His name is Ham. He is in charge of the Standard Mill. He spends most of his time abusing the Canadian Governments. At the present time lack of accommodation and over crowding of living quarters is the dangerous element. I think the greatest mistake that the Commission is making is in not arranging for proper food distributing centers in most of the places. Groceries, meats, clothing and medicines should be on hand in sufficient quantities. Now it looks like a regular mix up most of the time. Stores not knowing how long this will go on cannot possibly invest the capital necessary to carry huge stocks and then to be left holding the sack with these large stocks on hand when peace comes. They should be guaranteed their closing costs. This certainly should be the Commission's business and responsibility. The Gov't. protect the wheat grower, ship builder, etc., why not give the merchants a square deal?

The Medical and Hospital on of it seems to be fairly well looked after altho' it could be improved and could cost a lot less than it does. At present there is plenty for all the Medical men to do but again, what will happen when the wet and cold weather sets in, or if there is a serious health outbreak? Unless hard surface walks and road ways are put in these unfortunates will be up to their ears in mud, fall and spring. There are 300 houses on an open field at one place which will be a swamp with very little rain and the heavy traffic.

Let us hope things will be alright but so long as Italians and Germans are allowed to go unconfined the Japs will always consider that they have had an unfair deal.

Since the C.C.F. demanded they be given the vote they feel that one political group are their friends. We must in meantime, I suppose, put up with things as they are hoping that finally the jig saw will fly into place. This so far as the West Kootenay is concerned would happen quicker if some one knowing the country was placed on the Commission. Its make up at the moment is Coast conscious.

One of the most conspicuous things is the way the Japs have cleaned up Sandon. It is, I am sure, the tidest town in B.C.

R. R. Burns  
Trail, B.C.  
67-25(4)

67-25(4)  
Burns Office - Japanese in B.C.

Continued letter 67-25(4)



Copy for the information of:

COPY

MINISTERS OFFICE  
RECEIVED  
MINISTER OF LABOUR

67-25(4)  
B7.14.9.42

September 9, 1942.

Dear Mr. Mitchell,-

In Mr. Mackenzie's absence, I acknowledge receipt of your letter to him dated September 8th, in regard to the education of Japanese children who are moved to other Provinces.

I shall be pleased to bring the same to my Minister's attention upon his return to Ottawa.

Yours very truly,

C. H. Senior,  
Private Secretary.

The Hon. Humphrey Mitchell,  
Minister of Labour,  
Ottawa, Ontario.

67-25(4)  
B7.14.9.42  
Japanese Children - Japanese in B.C.



Copy for the information of:  
Hon. H. Mitchell

COPY



Ottawa,  
September 8, 1942

The Honourable Ian Mackenzie,  
Minister of Pensions and National Health,  
Ottawa.

Dear Mr. Mackenzie:-

In regard to question of education of children of Japanese who are moved to other provinces, I attach herewith a copy of the Department's letter to Mr. Taylor which outlines the course we propose to follow.

The probable result will be that we will be under an obligation to pay local School Boards a rate per annum for each Japanese child educated; however, I do not see how we can avoid this obligation, and the purpose of this letter is to keep you informed.

Yours very truly,

*Henry Mitchell*

Encl.

✓  
5-6-42  
R.M.

Japanese Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25(4)



Copy for the information of:  
Hon. H. Mitchell

C O P Y

Mr. Austin G. Taylor,  
Chairman,  
P.C. Security Commission  
Marine Building  
Vancouver, British Columbia  
Dear Mr. Taylor:

Dear Mr. Taylor:

With further reference to my letter to you of August 19th, relative to the providing of educational facilities for the evacuated Japanese children, I have now received from Mr. Eastwood and perused copies of the correspondence from Premier Aberhart containing the details of the offer of his government.

In view of that offer, it is my opinion that you should carry on negotiations with the Premier or Ministers of Education in Manitoba and Ontario with a view to obtaining offers along similar lines from them. It would appear to be preferable to deal direct with the governments rather than with individual school boards as our written agreements are with the Provinces. In that way we will be more likely to attain some degree of uniformity as to rates and procedure. The details of the Alberta offer, as set out in my letter of the 27th to your Mr. Maclellan seem to be providing of

direct with the Government as with the Board, as our written agreements are with the Board, as will be more likely to attain some degree of uniformity as to procedure.

The details of the Alberta offer, as set out in Premier Aberhart's letter of July 27th to your Mr. Macdowell seem to resolve themselves under the two main headings of the providing of additional class room space and the setting of a reasonable flat yearly or monthly rate per pupil and the same questions will undoubtedly be uppermost in negotiating with the other provinces.

The providing of necessary additional class room space will be the most troublesome item. The Government here has had this problem prominently on its doorstep in connection with its extensive War Emergency Training Plan under which many thousands have received training in existing and makeshift school buildings. The policy in this respect has been to keep as far away as possible from entering into commitments entailing anything in the nature of building substantial additions to existing school buildings. The main reasons for that decision are probably the uncertainty of how long the necessity may exist and the fact that most school buildings are of substantial construction to which the Boards are averse to having temporary or cheap additions made especially when they know that the Government has to pay the bills. The same reasons apply to our problem and the same policy will undoubtedly be followed so far as possible.

The Government here followed in the Emergency Training of

The expedient followed in the Emergency Training of using the same class room at different hours for two or more classes, of

because Anti-Japanese in B.C. 67-25 (u)  
1942-1944



for the information of:  
Mitchell

-2-

course, cannot be applied in the case of elementary school children except possibly for kindergartners requiring only a half day of instruction but provision should be made in your negotiations with the Provinces that all other possible expedients such as the use of community or fraternal halls or church buildings or the interior alterations of existing schools to provide more space must be thoroughly canvassed in all instances by your agents. If the Government does make any accountable advances to any Province for any of those purposes you may be assured it will insist on having a final say as to the type of construction or alteration for which it is to be used.

While there is a certain necessity to pursue this matter promptly and vigorously there is no call for any of us to be stampeded into unwise decisions just because it is September 1st and a few thousand Japanese children are having a few weeks additional vacation while proper arrangements are being effected.

As to the average flat rate of \$65 per pupil per school year for all grades suggested by Premier Aberhart same seems to me to be perhaps fair. As circumstances in different provinces and localities will differ it is probably too much to expect that we can strike upon a flat rate that will be acceptable to all provinces and school boards but we can at least set a maximum. I have had enquiry made from the Public School Board here in Ottawa where their standards of teaching qualifications and accommodation are of the best and am advised that their charges for non-resident pupils in elementary schools are \$4.00 per month or \$40 per school year, in intermediate schools, grades 8 to 10 (they do not have Junior High Schools) it is \$15 per month or \$150 a year and in their High and Technical schools they charge the cost of tuition, slightly higher than the Intermediate school rate. I pass this information along for what it may be worth.

In seeking to arrive at fair compromises we must remember that the school boards and to some extent the Provincial governments will be saddled with administrative difficulties not of their own choosing and we should be prepared to make certain allowances therefor. They may have to arrange for substantial changes and shifts with a school term in progress and some Boards will have difficulties obtaining additional teachers, with teachers who will be averse to having their classes and number of grades increased and with rate-payers objecting to having Japanese children mixed into classes with theirs.

Please have Messrs. Eastwood and Tyrwhitt continue their negotiations and keep me advised of progress in all sections as with the school year being under way we will undoubtedly be receiving queries as to what is being done.

Yours very truly,

Associate Deputy Minister  
(A. MacNasara)

The Honourable J. A. Mackenzie, K.C.,  
Minister of Pensions & National Health,  
OTTAWA.

17-25(4)  
1942-1944  
Japanese - Japanese in B.C. 17-25(4)





MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND  
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF CANADA

OTTAWA,  
September 3, 1942.

My dear Colleague:

Replying to your letter of the 27th ultimo to which was attached an extract from the writings of a columnist in the "VANCOUVER SUN," dated the 21st ultimo, on which you ask my comment, I desire to advise you that no permits granting furloughs to any Japanese evacuated from the protected area of British Columbia have been granted by the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police or Officers and men acting under his authority.

I think an explanation of the incident referred to originates with the decision of the Government to close certain camps adjacent to the railways and re-unite married men with their families. In order to carry out this decision a small number of the older men who had been in the camps and who were not really capable of earning their living for themselves, were allowed to proceed to Vancouver by the British Columbia Security Commission to join their relations pending their removal to an interior settlement. I am advised that this number was very small.

You know, of course, that considerable opposition has been experienced by the Security Commission from some of the younger Japanese as a protest against the breaking up of families, which resulted in the arrest of well over 600 men who failed to obey the orders of the Commission and leave the area. When the decision to re-unite the families was made the opposition ceased and

The Honourable Ian A. Mackenzie, K.C.,  
Minister of Pensions & National Health,  
OTTAWA.

*Shirley Brown*

la 67-25(4)

67-25(4)  
Japanese - Japanese in B.C.



Copy for the information of:  
Hon. H. Mitchell

- 2 -

evacuation is now proceeding steadily and it is expected that all Japanese will have been evacuated by November 1st, and those that are now in Hastings Park, numbering approximately 3600, will be removed by the end of the present month.

Yours faithfully,  
*Louise B. Stewart*

Source: Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25 (4)

MJA/MA



Copy for the information of:  
Hon. H. Mitchell

Ottawa,  
August 19, 1942.

1-25/10/42

B.7. 49.42  
67-25(u)

Ottawa, August 27, 1942.

My dear Colleague,-

I attach hereto an extract from the writings of a columnist in the "Vancouver Sun," on Friday, August 21st.

I should appreciate this being brought to the attention of the Commissioner of the R.C.M.P., who, I assume, would have some authority in the matter of granting so-called furloughs enabling evacuated Japanese to return to the prohibited area on the Pacific Coast.

During my recent visit to Vancouver, I saw considerable numbers of physically fit young male Japanese in and around important public places. My personal opinion is that such furloughs should not be granted. The presence on the Coast of these able-bodied Japanese constitutes a real danger.

I should appreciate having your comment and any information you can give me on this subject.

Yours faithfully,

The Honourable Louis St. Laurent,  
Minister of Justice,  
Ottawa,  
Ontario.

✓

1-25/10/42  
B.C. 17-25(u)



Copy for the information of:  
Hon. H. Mitchell

Ottawa,  
August 19, 1942.

67-25 (Vol 4)

THE VANCOUVER SUN

COPY

Friday, August 21, 1942.

"EXCUSE PLEASE.....VACATION."

Mayor Cornett tells of a friend of his who went into his usual service station the other day and, while waiting for his car to be filled, heard a voice behind that he thought he recognized. It was that of a Japanese whom he'd known for years.

'I thought you'd been evacuated,' the Vancouver man said.

'Sure, I was,' the Jap replied. 'I'm up at Jasper, but I'm down here on furlough.'



Copy for the information of:  
Hon. H. Mitchell

Ottawa,  
August 19, 1942

67-25 (V-4)



Ottawa,  
August 25, 1942.

Dear Mr. Mackenzie:-

In the absence of the Honourable Mr. Mitchell, I am replying to your letter of August 24th in regard to the suggestion that the British Columbia Security Commission should meet the Advisory Committee.

Some correspondence has already passed between Mr. Taylor and ourselves suggesting that this be done, and I am quite sure that arrangements will be made along this line very shortly.

Yours very truly,

*A. MacNamara*  
Associate Deputy Minister  
(A. MacNamara)

The Honourable Ian Mackenzie,  
Minister of Pensions and National Health,  
Ottawa.

PC

67-25 (V-4)  
Associate Deputy Minister - Japanese in B.C.



$c/mc^2$ 

OTTAWA, August 24, 1942.

My dear Colleague:-

My dear Colleague:-

I learned in Vancouver that the Advisory Committee to the B.C. Security Commission has not been called into session for some three months.

This Committee consists of sensitive people whose

that the Advisory Commission has not been called  
some three months. This Committee consists of  
very outstanding and representative people whose  
suggestions might be very valuable to the Security  
Commission and to the Government and it might be  
worthwhile to suggest that the Committee be called  
together in the near future.

Yours sincerely,

Yours sincerely,

The Honourable Humphrey Mitchell,  
Minister of Labour,  
Ottawa, Ontario.

Officer will be given priority placements to be those which will be given priority in the evacuation from Vancouver and elsewhere in the province of British Columbia.

2. In order that the evacuation from Vancouver and elsewhere in the province of British Columbia will not be delayed (because it is realized the placement in "A" above will take some time), the B. C. Security Commission is authorized to proceed with the development of any plans approved of by the Minister of Labour for erecting tents, constructing small houses and other living facilities to the extent necessary.

3. To develop plans and proceed with construction of

....(over)

.....(over)



67-25(3)

Ottawa, 24th August, 1942

My dear Colleague,-

I am in receipt of your letter of the 21st instant in regard to the evacuation of the Japanese.

I have just returned from British Columbia and the situation is getting somewhat tense out there. The Vancouver City Council is getting restive and truculent, and I feel that at all costs they must all be moved during this month.

I agree with you in regard to the educational facilities. I really do not see why we should worry very much about this at the moment. They are very fortunate to get the good treatment they are receiving, without being mollycoddled or pampered. The first thing is to get them out; the second thing is to see what we can do for them afterwards.

Yours sincerely,

The Honourable Humphrey Mitchell, M.P.,  
Minister of Labour,  
O t t a w a.

- placement  
mal agreement  
Security Commission.
2. In order that the evacuation of the Japanese will not be a problem, the Minister of the B. C. Security Commission is authorized by the Minister of Labour for erecting tents, constructing small houses and other living facilities to the extent necessary.
3. To develop plans and proceed with construction of

.....(over)

67-25(3)  
Vancouver Office - Japanese in B.C.  
1942-1944





Ottawa, August 21, 1942.

Honourable Ian Mackenzie,  
Minister of Pensions and National Health,  
Ottawa.

My dear Colleague:-

The three letters, copies attached, to the Chairman of the British Columbia Security Commission outline the developments in the evacuation policy which we are suggesting to the British Columbia Security Commission should be followed.

I am sure you will be interested and also that you will be glad to know that a satisfactory progress is being made and I feel confident that by the end of September we will have practically all of the Japanese out of Vancouver.

The problem of educating some five thousand Japanese children is giving me some concern. However, you will note that we have outlined the plan which might be followed.

The British Columbia Security Commission is inclined to the view that schools should be built in the interior towns and teachers employed so that the education of the children will not be neglected. It is my thought that we can afford to go a little slow on this phase of the matter until we see how the plan of moving the families to places where they will be self-supporting works out. If we make the Japanese too comfortable in the interior towns it is my view that the Dominion Government will find itself under the necessity of supporting them for the duration of the war, if not wholly at least to a considerable extent.

Yours very truly,

*James H. Mitchell*

2. In order that the evacuation from Vancouver and elsewhere in the protected area will not be delayed (because it is realized the placement in "1" above will take some time), the B. C. Security Commission is authorized to proceed with the development of any plans approved of by the Minister of Labour for erecting tents, constructing small houses and other living facilities to the extent necessary.

3. To develop plans and proceed with construction of

.....(over)

Answer (letter) - Japanese in B.C. 67-85 (4)

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B.C.



Copy for the information of:  
Hon. H. Mitchell

Copy for the information of:  
Hon. H. Mitchell

Ottawa,  
August 19, 1942.

AIR MAIL

Mr. Austin G. Taylor,  
Chairman, B. C. Security Commission,  
Marine Building,  
Vancouver, B. C.

Dear Mr. Taylor:

On the instructions of the Minister I discussed the development of the evacuee plans with Assistant Commissioner Mead and Chief Treasurer Officer McLaren. We three later discussed the matter with the Minister.

As a result of these discussions the matter was taken up in Council yesterday and we now have a clear cut policy to present to you which is as follows:-

1. That the placement of families in provinces other than British Columbia on farms or wherever suitable placements can be found for them will be arranged. That every effort will be made to make as many placements as possible. That contact with farmers will be developed through the Employment services and when applications from farmers are received every attempt will be made to fill the applications. That contact will be developed with Church Organizations through the activities of Mr. Trueman, Placement Officer at Toronto. That this plan of permanent placement will be given priority over other plans. The terms of such placements to be those which have been set out in the formal agreement between the province of Alberta and the B.C. Security Commission.
2. In order that the evacuation from Vancouver and elsewhere in the protected area will not be delayed (because it is realized the placement in "1" above will take some time), the B. C. Security Commission is authorized to proceed with the development of any plans approved of by the Minister of Labour for erecting tents, constructing small houses and other living facilities to the extent necessary.

3. To develop plans and proceed with construction of

.....(over)

1942-1944  
Evacuee Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25 (4)



Mr. Austin C. Taylor -2- August 19, 1942.

hospital facilities after said plans have been approved of by the Minister of Labour.

4. To open trading stores at the interior settlements for the purpose of receiving surplus farm products and disposing of same and for conducting a general store business.

In regard to the house-building program, as we interpret your recommendations you estimate you will require 1100 houses in all, and you may consider this as authority to proceed with this number. This includes those already built.

In regard to hospital facilities, we would like to have a definite recommendation as to what you recommend, where you propose to establish same and the approximate cost.

Insofar as educational facilities are concerned, I am writing you under separate file. I would ask that the plan in regard to education be reconsidered in the light of my letter.

The Order in Council is not through, but you may proceed with the plan as outlined herein, especially in regard to the erection of dwellings, and we set out in the Order in Council that the approximate cost of dwellings and necessary facilities would be \$350.00 each.

I trust you will find this outline of assistance, and will be glad to hear from you.

Yours very truly,

Associate Deputy Minister.  
(A. MacNamara)

1942-1944  
Associate Deputy Minister - Japanese in B.C. 67-25 (4)



Copy for the information of:  
Hon. H. Mitchell

O t t a w a,  
August 19, 1942

AIR MAIL

AIR MAIL

Mr. Austin C. Taylor, of the Maritime Commission,  
Chairman, B. C. Security Commission, 1000  
Marine Building, Vancouver, B.C.

With reference to Mr. Hadwood's letter of August 8th with regard to educational facilities.

August 8th with regard to the program. Mr. Eastwood states that the program laid down by Premier Abernethy was submitted some time ago. This program has never been received, and we have delayed answering his letter in the hope that it will be coming along.

I have discussed the general situation with Assistant Commissioner Mead and with the Honourable Mr. Mitchell, and suggest that the policy might be somewhat as follows:

1. That insofar as arranging with the several provinces in regard to education of children in provinces other than British Columbia, mutually satisfactory arrangements will be developed as rapidly as possible. I cannot go into details in this respect as I have not received Mr. Aberhart's proposal. Generally we thought the plan would be to have grants to provinces that would be made to School Boards where Japanese children are educated on the basis of out-of-pocket expense of the School Board.

2. That in respect to educational facilities in the interior towns, the British Columbia Security Commission, in view of the temporary nature of the placement in these towns, does not propose to establish schools or provide a standard education system including the expense of teachers at least for the present. That the various seminar schools will have to try and work out an arrangement for educating the children themselves and the B. C. Security Commission will assist by providing necessary books and correspondence courses. That the Japanese families will have opportunity

...in asserting it .... (over)

[illegible]

Yours very truly,  
(over)

M. J. A. \ M. J. A.

Deutsche Ost-Asiatische in B.G., 67-75 (1)  
1942-1944



Copy for the information of:  
Hon. H. Mitchell  
AIR MAIL  
Special Mr. Austin C. Taylor  
Chairman

August 19, 1942.  
Dear Mr. Mitchell:  
Hospital facilities after said plans have been approved of  
by the Minister of Labour.  
In regard to the house-building program,  
for the purpose of constructing surplus farm products and dis-  
posing of same and for conducting a general store business.  
In regard to the house-building program,  
for the purpose of constructing surplus farm products and dis-  
posing of same and for conducting a general store business.  
In regard to the house-building program,  
for the purpose of constructing surplus farm products and dis-  
posing of same and for conducting a general store business.

The Minister will appreciate it if the  
B. C. Security Commission will consider reviewing its educational  
considerations along this line.  
In the meantime we feel that the matter  
proceeding with at once.  
Yours very truly,  
Associate Deputy Minister  
(A. MacNamara)

1942-1944  
Associate Deputy Minister in B.C. 67-85 (4)



Copy for the information of:  
Hon. H. Mitchell

1942-1944  
August 17, 1942.  
Dear Mr. Mitchell:

AIR MAIL

Mr. Austin C. Taylor,  
Chairman, B. C. Security Commission,  
Marine Building,  
Vancouver, B. C.

Dear Mr. Taylor: I am writing you outlining the general policy agreed on by the Cabinet under separate file. However, I thought it advisable to make some further comments in regard to the placement of families on farms. I will give you a brief summary of my letter of August 15th.

You wrote me on August 17th in reply to my letter of August 15th. You have not reached the high position in affairs that I feel it is not out of place to suggest that a considerable determination to make the farm placement plan a success will bring about the desired results, and I feel that results will not be obtained unless there is such determination.

I think your analysis of the situation set out in your letter of August 17th overlooks the head of the Japanese family kept in mind of considerations which the head of the Japanese family should consider, and these considerations, I believe, should be kept in mind. For example: - The family would be earning their way rather than be in the position of dependents being kept by the Dominion Government. Their pride, and I am told they have plenty of pride, should influence them in accepting the self-supporting basis. Cash return in wages (\$40.00 per month) is not the only consideration. Farmers would provide land and seed and opportunity for the Japanese to have their own garden plot and grow their own vegetables, and as time goes on no doubt doubt chickens and possibly a cow. These are things that the second family on a farm normally acquires.

Yours very truly,  
A. C. Macdonald  
(A. C. Macdonald)

1942-1944  
Vancouver Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25 (4)



- 2 -

we accept placement in other provinces rather than go to interior towns, and if they accept other placements educational facilities will be available. If on the other hand they choose to take placement in interior towns they must do so with the appreciation that the educational facilities will be limited.

The Minister will appreciate it if the B.C. Security Commission will consider reviewing its educational recommendations along this line.

In the meantime we feel that the matter of making arrangements with the several provinces should be proceeded with at once.

Yours very truly,  
Associate Deputy Minister  
(A. MacNamara)

3. Anyone who has had experience in dealing with agricultural families on a relief basis knows that \$40.00 per month plus shelter is a good deal more than it costs to maintain even large families.

4. The placement on farms provides means whereby Japanese will become absorbed in the economy of Canada. Those who intend to remain in Canada certainly should be interested in this phase of the matter.

5. School facilities are available, and the B.C. Security Commission has guaranteed to provinces that any necessary payments to School Boards involved in arranging school for Japanese children will be paid. I think it should be stated that for the present at least the Commission is not going to be in a position to provide educational facilities in the interior towns on anything like the basic standard in which these facilities are available in established school districts.

6. The British Columbia Security Commission is guaranteeing to provinces and municipalities that any necessities of life such as medical attention or relief which the Japanese cannot supply for out of their earnings and which the municipalities and provinces find it necessary to provide, will be paid for by the Commission. I believe at least some of the Employment Offices have been told that no families can be sent because all able-bodied men are needed to build houses. I point out that you can quite well sacrifice the loss of one man on the house-building program if he and his family can be moved to a farm and thus avoid the necessity of building a house. What we are suggesting and seeking is the determination that the farm placement plan would be considered as the principal plan for the evacuees. We feel that if everyone works in this direction we will ultimately attain success. On the other hand, if the building up of the interior towns is given priority it seems to us that we have nothing in the nature of a permanent solution. Already I notice considerable publicity criticizing the policy on the ground that the Japanese are being moved from the front to the back door. The Kelowna Courier and the Vancouver Sun had articles along this line. I do not desire to have our views squarely before you.

Yours very truly,

Associate Deputy Minister  
(A. MacNamara)

AM/ALM

1942-1944  
Receives Office - Japanese in B.C. 67-25 (4)